Beaver & Gephart

Bellefonte Republican.

Established in 1869.} "Let us see to it that a Government, of the People, for the People, and by the People, shall not perish from the Earth."---A. LINCOLN. {Terms: $2.00 per annum

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Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—No communication published unless accompanied by the real name of the writer.
Correspondents should write upon but one side of the paper, and avoid the use of pale or fancy inks.

EDITORIAL BRIEFS.

SENATOR INGALLS is going to write a novel.

THE French ministry resigned on Saturday.

THE Salvation Army has invaded Jerusalem.

THE scarcity of coal is becoming more serious daily.

DWIGHT L. MOODY is now holding meetings in Pittsburg.

YALE defeated Princeton at foot ball on Saturday. Score, 12 to 0.

THE CZAR and Kaiser William have met again, and Europe is happy.

GLADSTONE was in Parliament at 22, and at 24 was lord of the treasury.

BUFFALO BILL is worth $800,000 and J. L. Sullivan expects to come home with a cool $1,000,000.

"PUT him behind the bars again" is the latest and best song recently published. It is dedicated to Johann Most.

THE Renovo daily *Evening News* will soon start a weekly paper for the purpose of enlarging the field of its usefulness.

DR. GATLING, the inventor of the gun which bears his name, has invented a gun which is capable of firing eight hundred shots per minute.

THE Chicago officials have now discovered that Lingg communicated with his friends by sending notes in his "wash." How shrewd they were to think of that so soon.

THERE is no delivery of letters in London on Sunday and yet that city manages to hold its head on a level with other cities of the world in business importance and wealth.

SECRETARY LAMAR, having rid himself of the brilliant Gen. Sparks as an assistant, will have Mr. Stockslager appointed in his place. When the Secretary has a sufficient Stock (of) lager of course he will be happy.

CHARLES DICKENS, the younger, considers Bostonians but little different from English people. It is very doubtful if the "culchaw" of Boston would consider Mr. Dickens' comparison a compliment.

A WOMAN has gone on the bond of Herr Most. Somehow this Anarchist warrior has always a female mixed up in his scrapes. It was a woman's bed he was dragged out from under when last arrested and imprisoned.

THE marble roof of Girard College building, Philadelphia, is said to be crumbling and must be replaced with sheet tin at an expenditure of $10,000. The College building is said to be the finest specimen of Grecian architecture in the world.

SON-IN-LAW WILSON, of France, is said to have taken a bribe of 2,000,000 francs for his services in obtaining Government contracts. If Mr. Wilson lived in America he would be a New York Alderman and vote the straight Democratic ticket.

PROTECTION to American labor and the purity of the ballot in the South are issues which should carry any party to victory. They will be the principle issues in the coming Presidential struggle—supported by Republicans and opposed by Democrats.

PHIL ARMOUR, the Chicago millionaire, goes to bed by 9 o'clock every night and gets to his office before his clerks. These hours are good enough for a hog merchant, but would hardly make a man wise or give him an opportunity to enjoy life. Mr. Armour is simply a money-making machine, a millionaire slave.

IN 1886, in the election for Congressmen and members of the Legislature in New York, the Republican vote was largely in the majority. The majority in 1887 for State officers is polled by the Democrats. The result in 1888 for President, in that State, as experience abundantly proves, is just as uncertain now as it was six days or six months ago.

The Coming Change in Europe.

Crown Prince Frederick William is in all human probability doomed to an early death. His father, the Emperor, is not destined to last long. Were they to die almost simultaneously there would be no surprise. After them would come the youthful Emperor, William II, son of the stricken Crown Prince. He is twenty-eight years of age; is strong-headed, an avowed enemy to France, impetuous, ambitious, eager for distinction on the battle-field, and is much under the influence of a scape-grace son of Bismarck, who, without the wisdom of his father, has all his iron will. The young Prince at the same time acknowledges the good influence of his mother, who is a daughter of Queen Victoria and greatly dislikes Bismarck, who cordially reciprocates the sentiment. Notwithstanding the good influences exerted by the young Prince's mother, his accession, an event not far removed, is contemplated even now with a degree of uneasiness throughout Europe. The prospect is not improved by the fact that in the course of nature, not only Emperor William I, but Bismarck and Von Molke will soon depart.

The question is a present one: What then? For one thing there will be an end of the alleged compact between Emperor William I, and Alexander II, of Russia, and enjoined on the present Czar in the interest of right understanding and peace between the two nations, and possibly there will be a sudden ending of the wise policy of the present Emperor in the interest of peace in the affairs of Europe.

The accession of William II, is viewed as an impending calamity. A change from so wise a ruler as the old Emperor to one of the fiery spirit of his grandson is well calculated to produce such a feeling. The dying Crown Prince is in all respects the reverse of his son, a true Prince of the noblest Russian blood, "with all its good qualities and none of its bad ones"—a wise man and capable—few of which qualities will be transmitted to his son; but the hope is felt that years will give him the wisdom transmitted through grandfather and father.

Settle by Discussion.

Do you believe that there will be any more war? There may and there may not, but the probabilities of war anywhere among civilized nations is less now than ever before. We have heard the opinion expressed that there certainly never will be more than one more great war, and the horrors of that conflict, if it shall ever take place, will so appall all civilized nations that they will voluntarily agree to keep peace in the future.

But, why engage at all in war? We would prevent it if possible. Why add this last and worst chapter of the worlds wars to these already written? Let them be complete as they are.

Of course, our readers are well aware of the reasons why wars will henceforth be less probable, and why they are dreaded more than ever before. Within the past few years the engines of warfare have been rendered many times more destructive than ever before. Now, it is possible with the most approved war apparatus, for five men to put ten thousand to flight. Modern guns, in the manufacture of which the United States stands preeminently high, can throw missils a distance of miles, which, bursting in the enemy's ranks, can mow them down by hundreds. This work of perfecting such engines of war is continuing daily, rendering serious conflict daily less likely to occur.

Several gentlemen are now in this country, representing Britain and her provinces north of us and they speak words of peace as they come. "Surely," they say, "the two great English speaking nations can settle their differences by discussion." The sentiment which prevails here is of the same kind. We trust that all the difficulties we may have with other powers may be amicably adjusted—and, if not, woe to them!

PROTECTION as it has been pursued as a policy in this country is what has enabled the country to secure superiority in inventions of all kinds. If productions are protected, wages are sufficiently high to enable the toiling millions to spare enough time from daily avocations to think out and plan many inventions. Thus, genius is brought out and encouraged, and the world is made better as a consequence. It is a most destructive policy for any nation to pursue to compel laborers to confine themselves to mere manual drudgery all the time. Such a policy hides from view and extinguishes forever much real wealth—the wealth of brain and thought which is found among all classes. Let us love the country which pursues a policy of protection and let us aid it by our voice and vote.

An Old Misrepresentation.

The disposition of some of our most persistently Bourbon cotemporaries to represent John Brown, as a destructive of the same type as the Anarchists, finds expression in the following sentence from the editorial columns of the St. Louis *Republican*: "Wonder if John Brown, of Osawattamie, was waiting beyond the river to grasp the hand of August Spies,"

It is getting to be time to point out the untruth of such survivals of the old proslavery spirit. John Brown was a revolutionist, it is true, as Philip Van Artevelde, William of Orange, Kossuth and Kosciusko were. He was a desperate one, perhaps half insane, in his struggle against the evil of human slavery. But his revolt was against a clearly-defined and gigantic wrong; and the methods he attempted were those of open warfare and not assassination. Instead of aiming to abolish government by law, he perfected a scheme of republican government to be established if his desperate plan had succeeded; and instead of counseling wholesale assassination, he only shed blood where it was necessary to the exigencies of the warfare which he had undertaken.

That his purposes were violent and his plans insanely desperate are beyond dispute, just as has been the case with every rebel against slavery since the days of Spartacus. But he rebelled against an admitted wrong, adopted the methods of open warfare against it, and when he failed gave his life as a penalty. To represent that there is anything in common between him and the men who now seek to overthrow all social organization by the most cowardly methods of assassination is simply to bring falsehood to the perpetuation of old party prejudices.—*Pittsburg Dispatch.*

What do they Think?

We wonder what the people of Great Britain think of this country and its inhabitants, anyway. Their apparent supposition is that Messrs. "Buffalo Bill" and John L. Sullivan are the two most distinguished citizens of the United States who have visited them. Behold the sublime spectacle of the Queen, and all the degrees of royalty bowing down to the Buffalo! Where Her Majesty leads, the nobility and the people follow. The Buffalo's welcome was exceeded in intensity and enthusiasm only by that accorded to the King of the Prize Ring—Mr. Sullivan. The reports tell us that a more numerous rabble came out to meet Champion S. than the Queen's Jubilee attracted. So great is the desire to look at him that it is necessary for him to keep secreted in the hotels, as the crowds which assemble interrupt the public business. All this is fair enough, but nevertheless the query recurs—Do they imagine that the chief industries in America are to cultivate buffalo hunters and prize fighters and that these gentlemen are the representatives of such great industries?

A TOTAL of $100,000,000 losses by fire in the United States during the first 10 months of 1887, renews a somewhat familiar lesson that it would be economy either to build our buildings so that they will not burn up quite so easily, or else to make them so cheap that their destruction will be a matter of no importance. The present half-way compromise serves neither end, so far as the returns show.

PHILO CHRISTLER saw a deer in the woods near Ridgeway the other day and blazed away at it. The bullet went through the fleshy part of Wm. Rorick's thigh. Mr. Rorick had previously killed the deer and was then in the act of cutting it up. A man should not be allowed to go into the woods, who will become so excited when seeing a deer that he cannot see that it is dead and also that there is a man near it.

How about Mr. Blaine? Is he in vigorous health or gradually declining? We have not seen any statements on this subject for a week or longer. And, by the way, will he or will he not be a Presidential candidate? We fear the European newspaper correspondents are neglecting their duty in not giving us weekly reports about the Plumed Knight.

DAKOTA wants to be admitted to the union and her wishes should be respected. But as long as the democrats have control of one branch of congress she will never be admitted. Her electoral vote would be cast for the republican presidential candidate, you know.

P. R. R. Saving and Relief Funds.

The Philadelphia *Record* says: The committee of the Pennsylvania railroad directors having the saving fund in charge has decided to allow deposits of $1. The division superintendents of the Pennsylvania railroad company have issued a notice to the men under them that the custom of giving employes half time when disabled will be hereafter abolished. This is done, it is thought, to induce the men to join the relief department formed by the company, as the circular giving the above notice also calls attention to the fact that it is a duty the men owe to their families to join the relief department. To-day the six committeemen to govern the department will be chosen. The company names one of the committeemen, and the election will be by ballot, each member forwarding his vote to the superintendent of the department.

IT is a peculiar coincidence that the names of the Crow chiefs in captivity for the recent Indian outbreak accurately describe the character of the President and his Cabinet. What could better identify Mr. Cleveland than the appellation Deaf Bull? Looks-with-his-ears describes Bayard, whose handling of State affairs shows him to be the donkey of the Administration. The Banks does Whitney, the Standard oil statesman, up to the queen's taste. Big Hail is Lamar, who knows how to toot his own horn as well as anybody who has ever held a Cabinet position. Crazy Head is Endicott, whose ideas beyond blue blood and high art could be enclosed in the compass of a peanut shell. The Rocks is Fairchilds, who is holding onto the "rocks" of the Government with the hardness of a rock when they should be gradually paid out. Carries-his-food is Garland, who never neglects an opportunity to accumulate and lay up everything that comes his way whether it belongs to him or not. He-knows-his-coup is Vilas, who can scheme and lay cards as cunningly as any man who stakes his chances on the Democratic gambling board.

THE vote of all the G. A. R. posts throughout the country has been taken on the proposed Dependent Pension bill and is practically unanimous in favor of the bill. It will be compiled by the G. A. R. pension committee, of which Gen. George S. Merrill, of Lawrence, Miss., is the chairman, and reported to Congress. The vote has been very extensive and the response hearty. It is settled that the G. A. R. men are practically unanimous in favor of the bill, but whether the President will be of the same mind is another question. The full bill is substantially the same as the one vetoed in its principal features. An effort has been made to meet so far as might be the President's objections without vitiating the measure, but as some of his objections were vital it is thought by certain of the G. A. R. officers that he will not approve the new measure. At any rate, he will be given an opportunity to go on record, confronted by the G. A. R. strongly in favor of the bill.

DENNIS KEARNEY used to be the criterion by which all blatherskite demagogues were compared, but since the rise and fall of the Anarchist apostles the dangerous quality of his harangues pales into insignificance. Violent as his utterances usually are, they have never been in advocacy of the abolition of law and order, but since the appearance of Anarchist doctrines have been strongly in support of good government. In a recent address he gave this wholesome advice, to his audience of workingmen:—"You cannot benefit your condition by listening to madmen or parading behind red flags. To elevate yourselves you must become American citizens and barricade yourselves behind the American ballot." This is good seed sown in ground that is easy of cultivation by men of Kearney's character and cannot help but bring forth good fruit. If his example were followed by many other labor-leaders who are now afraid to open their mouths on either side of the Anarchist subject, the average labor-leader would rise inestimably in public favor.

EVEN if wonderful gold discoveries have been made in Arizona there is no urgent call for the entire east to flock into that territory. There is a great deal of uncertainty about such discoveries, and where they enrich one man they ruin a hundred.

The Coming Republicans.

Facts showing the number of new voters, whose first vote may be expected next year, says the New York *Tribune*, are met by two objections, as might to expected; first, that the increase in population is not so large as these figures indicate, and, second, that there has been the same argument urged for many years, as a reason for Republican confidence in Presidential elections, and if it were well founded the Republican party would by this time have outstripped all opposition.

The new vote is in part to take the place of voters who die. In New York for example, about 100,000 die or remove within four years, while about 200,000 come of age or acquire citizenship within the same time. There is no reason to suppose that either party loses more than the other by death. But there is reason to suppose that more than half of the new voters of American birth are naturally inclined to follow their fathers in Republican opinions. Thus it comes to pass that at every Presidential election for twenty-five years the Republican party has manifested unexpected strength.

In 1864 the Republicans carried New York by about 7,000; four years later the Democrats counted up a majority of 10,000 for Seymour. In 1872 the Republicans carried the State by 53,000, but in 1876 lost it by 32,700. In 1880 there was a plurality of 21,000 for Garfield; but in 1884 the same State gave a scanty plurality of 1,000 for Cleveland. Thus for twenty years the victories have alternated, and a Democratic victory next year would be out of order. But the fact which deserves more notice is that in each of the years preceding Presidential elections for the past sixteen years the Democrats have had a large majority in New York. Notwithstanding this prestige of victory, as it has on every occasion been considered by sanguine Democrats, the Republicans have prevailed in three out of six Presidential elections. In 1879 the Democratic majority was 35,000, counting the votes for the two Democratic candidates, Robinson and John Kelly, and yet against the united Democracy the Republicans carried the State the next year by 21,000. In 1883 the plurality for Cleveland was 192,854 for Governor, and yet the next year he accidently escaped defeat.

The reserve of new voters, which comes forward in a Presidential election and not largely in the elections of previous years, gives to the Republicans in New York an enormous unexpected strength. It was this reinforcement which almost overcame Cleveland's tremendous majority in 1883, and which did overcome the large plurality for the two Democratic candidates in 1879. In the same way the Republican strength in New Jersey has been surprisingly swelled at every Presidential election, though not enough as yet to carry the State against Democratic fraudulent voting and counting. At the last Gubernatorial election prior to 1884, the Democrats had a plurality of 6,800, but with almost unlimited opportunity for fraud in certain counties, their plurality in 1884 was but 4,412. Again, at the Gubernatorial election preceding 1880 the Democrats carried the State by 12,743, but their plurality against Garfield was only 2,010. Whether the State would have given a Democratic plurality at either of these elections, had there been in use the means for preventing fraud in stuffing the ballot boxes and in counting the votes, such as the law now provides, may with much reason be doubted.

These are evidences that the great new vote can be won by the Republicans, in proportion sufficient to insure their success in the doubtful States, if they but take the pains to secure it by proper organization and work. Enough of the new votes can be won, in New York and New Jersey, to settle the next Presidential election beyond a doubt, and it remains for active and patriotic Republicans to employ without delay or neglect the means required.

A MAN supposed to be Negley Smith, a carpenter of Mammoth, Pa., was killed on Wednesday night of last week in the Greensburg tunnel just east of the passenger station. It is believed he lay down on the track in the tunnel and went to sleep.

A LOCK HAVEN girl has persuaded her father to cut a hole through the back of the church pew so that her bustle will not be damaged when she sits down.

GENERAL NOTES.

There are said to be only four horses in Alaska, three at Juneau and one at Sitka.

A kind of ant in Honduras will prey upon houses, and when once started will soon eat one down.

A Lynchburg, Va., teacher advertises "instruction in orthography, or the science of proper pronunciation."

The first Mormon temple in Wisconsin was dedicated at East Delevan last week. The building is small and unpretentious.

The following original obituary is found in a Boston newspaper: 'L. C. Chase, the former owner of Hopeful, 2 14¼, is dead."

The Association of Dancing Teachers on the Pacific coast have in contemplation a complete revision of the present style of dancing.

A 4 year old lad named Kirch, who lives in Muskegon, Mich., is said to be able to play on the accordeon any tune that he ever heard.

A large gray wolf is prowling around the village of Haddonfield, N. J., and the women and children are afraid to venture out after dark.

Kegs of whiskey have been washed ashore at Toledo that are supposed to have lain in a shipwrecked vessel at the bottom of the lake for 30 years.

A runaway couple seated on the back of a small mule rode up to the Court House at Milton, Fla., the other day and were married by the county Judge.

Mr. and Mrs. Oren Shelly, of Keene, N. H., have been married 67 years. The husband is 90 and the wife 91. Both are still sound mentally and physically.

The United States Circuit Court in Boston has decided that a man may import his coachman, since the prohibitory law does not apply to contracts for personal service.

Mrs. Josephine Baxter, who died recently in Trumansburg, N. Y., was not quite 59 years old, yet she had been married six times and was five times left a widow.

An eagle measuring nearly six feet from tip to tip of its wings that had made a practice of roosting nightly on the steeple of a Galveston church was shot the other day.

A Lewistown, Me., blacksmith makes iron and steel finger rings, which he says are a cure for the rheumatism. He gets 50 cents a piece for them and warrants them to cure.

A warrant was recently issued in a North Carolina town for the arrest of a man for committing an assault "with a deadly weapon, to wit, a certain vicious and large bull dog."

A certified check for $1,015,792 was handed over to the trustee of a Chicago street railroad company the other day, and it is believed to be the largest check ever passed in that city.

Sarah Cooney, of Philadelphia, was put off a street car because she didn't have a transfer ticket, to which she was entitled. She sued the company and obtained a verdict of $50 damages.

A goat with a red beard inhabits certain islands of the Grecian Archipelago. It is said to be found nowhere else in the world. A specimen has recently been captured and sent to Berlin.

The feat of the man who stole a hot stove has been eclipsed by New York burglars, who stole a safe weighing 1,600 pounds from a barge that had sunk to the bottom of the Hudson river.

Walter Lewellin, of Durham, N. C., has the greatest curiosity of the county in the shape of a Dominique hen which possesses on each side of its head a diminutive horn, curled up like a ram's.

Louis Touissaint Tougas and his wife, a French couple residing in Worcester, Mass., recently celebrated their golden wedding. They have 12 children, 97 grandchildren and 3 great-grand children.

George Tarey, of Moscow, Idaho, took aim at a small black bear, but his gun would not go off. He threw it aside and rushed for the brute, and, grappling with it, held on to it until another man shot it.

The Grand Rabbi, of India won first prize at the Rothschild wedding in Paris recently for the greatest show in diamonds. His exhibit was worn in a turban, and was valued at a quarter of a million.

A Boston man who is a manufacturer of raspberry jam says that no raspberries at all are used in making it. What is used, it appears, are tomatoes, glucose and hayseed and a little prepared raspberry flavor.

William Skinner, or 'Big Bill Skinner,' as his friends called him, who died near Augusta, Ga., recently was known as the Georgia giant. He stood six feet nine inches in his stocking feet and weighed nearly 300 pounds. He was 73 years old.

A boy employed in a foundry at Smith's Falls, Canada, filled with powder and iron filings a gas pipe 18 inches long, and then applied a match, and caused an explosion which startled the community, shattered windows, damaged neighboring buildings, and shook the boy out of his situation.

At Moore's Hill, Ind., there occurred a most novel fight the other day. The contest was between a large Poland China boar and a valuable, but somewhat quarrelsome, Jersey cow. The hog came out victorious, killing the cow by striking her in the abdomen with his tusks and severing an artery.

Poetry.

THE RIVER OF DEATH.

[Written by a Harrisburg Lady now residing in Bellefonte.]

The ancients thought, when the living breath
The body deserted, the stream of death
Was crossed from strand to strand.
Then the hand a coin so carefully bore
To pay for the soul being ferried o'er
To the happy spirit land.

Now, the rich man comes to the river's side,
what avail are his pomp and pride,
As helpless there he lies?
What would he give to carry him o'er,
Through the surge's foam and the water's roar,
To the land of Paradise?

See, the poor man nears the river's bank,
His strength gives way, his spirits sink,
Fast fades his failing breath.
And, oh, as he lays life's burdens down
What would he give to reach the crown,
Across the stream of death?

Can aught suffice for the ferryman pale,
As he carries them o'er with flapping sail,
Across the narrow stream?
Nothing, no, nothing, that each could bring,
From the costliest gift to the lowliest thing
Will enough to the boatman seem.

Naught but the blood of Christ alone
That can cleanse each heart and for sin atone
Will pass them safely o'er.
Tis only those whose lives have been
Made pure from every taint of sin
Will reach the Heavenly shore.

FACING FATE.

This is the end, then, of striving; this is what comes of it all;
Darkness and foes just behind me; before, an impassable wall.
What does it matter how staunchly one may have battled for truth
When with his weapons all broken he sits by the grave of his youth?
What did it profit in past years that one did the best that he knew,
When in the gloom of the present virtue herself seems untrue?
Why should one fight any longer when nothing remains but defeat?
Surely, such labor were useless, and idle the stirring of feet.
Ah! but the soul that is faithful knows it is good to have fought;
Knows it is good to have acted, whatever the doing has brought.
This is the crown of the conflict, this the reward of all strife—
Faith in one's self and one's motive, no matter how darkened the life
Flesh may be bruised and defeated, but spirit is never disgraced;
Spirit is always triumphant, whatever sharp pain it has faced.

Here, at the end of my conflict, I counsel not yet with despair,
Though to all seeming my struggles are his who but beateth the air.
Darkness and foes are about me, yet I stand with my back to the wall.
Facing whatever Fate sends me, and facing Fate thus shall I fall!

—*Oscar Fay Adams.*

RETREAT OF THE FLOWERS.

BY MRS. H. KATE REEDER.

Hark, children, midst your merry play,
And listen to the Frost King's call;
He bids the flowers haste away,
He whispers, and the bright leaves fall.

He steals upon us every night
With chilling touch and stealthy tread;
He breathes upon our treasures bright,
And in the morning they are dead.

The roses all went long ago,
The pinks are pale and cold;
The lillies bend their graceful heads,
And mignonette grows old.

The asters, Autumn's glowing eyes,
Smile fainter every day;
The golden-rod, in sweet surprise,
Has faded fast away.

The modest gentian shrinks from sight,
And droops her fringed lid;
The meadow flowers, like ruined hearts,
'Neath faded leaves are hid.

Beseechingly we lift our hands
To Autumn's mid-day sun,
And ask for longer heat and light,
E'er this flower life be done.

We call them by each treasured name,
As they wave a last farewell;
"Come back, sweet Summer friends, when Spring
Throws o'er the earth her spell."

Our Story Teller.

POLITENESS PAYS.

A VERY SUGGESTIVE STORY FOR YOUNG MEN.

Thomas Dunn English, in the Independent.

A pleasant, balmy day in May. The windows in the railway car were open. There was a breeze stirring; and though a cloud of dust was blown in it was also blown out, with the exception of a tired portion which stopped to rest on the clothes of the passengers or burrowed for its own safety in their ears and nostrils. There were only two vacant seats in the car, and at Pankeap station two persons came in to fill them. One of these was an old man,—on the second look he was probably not over fifty,—with iron gray hair partly covered by a slouched hat, and clad in a new suit of gray stuff that seemed to have been made for some one else. With him was a young and very pretty girl, whose dress was of ordinary stuff but well fitting, and who was well gloved and well shod.

The observer would have set down the two for a well-to-do farmer and his daughter who were traveling for business or pleasure. The man looked around. The two vacant seats were on opposite sides of the car. In one of them sat a young, well-dressed and apparently self-satisfied gentleman, and the space by his side was occupied by a hand-bag of crocodile leather and a spring overcoat. In the other was another young man, not quite so extravagantly dressed, though neatly clad, and not so handsome as the first, though he had an open and intelligent countenance. The farmer looked around, and motioning his daughter to the vacant seat, said: "There's a place for you Lucy." Then turning to the young man with the satchel, he asked, "Seat engaged?"

The young man looked up and curled his lip superciliously and said, "Man to fill it 'll be here presently, I dare say."

"Ah!" said the farmer, coolly removing the grip sack and overcoat and placing them on the young man's lap; "then I'll occupy it until he comes." And he seated himself accordingly, while the young man glared at him.

The one on the other side looked amused, and then rising said, "You had better exchange seats with me, sir, and then the young lady and yourself will be together."

"Thank you," was the farmer's reply and the exchange was quietly effected.

The two young men were evidently acquainted, for the courteous one said to the other in a low voice. "Jim Poulder, you made a mistake there."

"I never make mistakes, Frank Bolling," replied the other. "I dare say you will make your fortune some of these days by being polite to the granger population; but my fortune is already made."

The first speaker said nothing more, but drawing a newspaper from his pocket, he opened it and ran his eyes over the columns.

Poulder yawned a little, and at last he said, "This is too dull for yours faithfully, James Poulder. I'll go into the smoking car and take a whiff. Have a snifter?" he inquired producing a pocket flask.

"No, thank you," replied Bolling; "that stuff is rather to fiery for me."

"Here goes alone, then. That's as fine brandy as ever crossed the ocean Day-day! Keep an eye on my traps, will you? and don't give up my seat to every country yokel who asks it."

The elegant young gentleman shook himself and made his way forward to the car especially prepared for fumigation.

When he had gone the old man leaned over the arm of his seat and addressed Bolling:

"Excuse me, sir; but didn't your friend who has left say that his name was James Poulder?"

"That's his name, sir," replied the young man; "but he is not exactly a friend of mine, though we live in the same place and I know him very well."

"May I inquire where he is from?"

"Yes, sir; Careysburg."

"Son of Peter B. Boulder, the great pork-packer there, isn't he?"

"Y-s, sir."

"His father should deal with him. It would be quite in his line."

"Oh, papa!" said a sweet, reproachful voice as those near who heard the colloquy tittered.

"It is a fact, Lucy," rejoined the farmer.

The old man, who was evidently intelligent, entered into a general conversation with the younger, and soon showed that he was quite well informed. Bolling was glad of a conference so entertaining, especially when, as his eyes were bent in that direction, he saw the young lady was an interested and, he hoped, a pleased listener. There was something very sweet in the expression of her countenance—an inexpressible impress of modesty and innocence on her features. They chatted away, and the elder—so dexterously that the younger never perceived it—drew out of the other his position, prospects and intentions.

Bolling was frank by nature, and the questions of his interlocutor, who was as ingenious as the other was ingenuous, were craftily put. The sharp granger soon learned that Frank Bolling had been engaged for some time in the study of law, but that his father having met with reverses, and having two younger daughters to educate, the young man determined to make his burden less, and had set out to support himself, abandoning his law studies and taking a situation as salesman in a country store at Griffton, a thriving town about five miles from the main line.

"I get but beggarly pay, of course," said Frank gayly. "I am only a raw hand; but I have a promise that, when I am better qualified, my wages will be increased."

"You are rather a singular person," said the farmer bluffly. "Most young men would have talked of their salary."

"I rather prefer the old style of English," said Bolling. "I am to be a hireling, and the compensation of a hireling, is called wages. But wages or salary—the terms are indifferent to me."

"My place is within a mile of Griffton," said the old man. "I have a notion that I knew your father once. Wasn't he at Harvard in his time?"

"Yes, sir, and so was I. We are alumni of the same school."

"I wonder if he remembers his old chum there—one George Carter—Geo. St. Leger Carter, as they have it on the rolls."

"Yes, sir; I've heard him speak of him often, though the two have drifted apart since then. Judge Carter, you mean. He lives at Griffton. Do you know him?"

"Um! ye-es! After a fashion."

"Papa!" whispered the young girl, but Bolling's quick ear caught the word, "I know the Judge better than you do."

"Be quiet, Puss, will you?" replied her father in the same tone.

"I am told," resumed the young man, "that he left the bench and, though quite wealthy, has gone back to the bar. I have a letter for him which my father—recalling their youthful friendship—insisted on giving me; but I shall not present it."

"Why not?" He might be of service to you."

"Scarcely, sir. You see, if I am to be a salesman in a country store I had better accommodate myself to my position. The Judge even if he remembered old college friendships, wouldn't be likely to consider me a welcome addition to his family circle as a visitor. He is rich, and then he is said to have a very handsome and accomplished daughter, who would no doubt look down on me. I have my bread and butter to earn, and had better confine myself to it."

"Possibly you are right. But how came your father to lose his money? I thought he inherited a fine fortune."

"Yes, sir; but he was drawn into incurring responsibility for a relative. He is not ruined, by any means, but is merely hampered, and thinks he will pull through in time with a little economy and prudence; and I have no doubt he will. But I am only in his way, or I would have remained."

"Have you ever thought of trying farming?"

"No, sir. I have no capital and know nothing of it."

"Do you know more of selling groceries and dry goods?"

"Not a bit more? but you see I am paid something there while I learn."

"Your friend, or your acquaintance, as you call him, goes to Griffton too, does he?"

"Yes sir; but he goes there in a different capacity. I believe he represents his father in some transactions about property with the Judge, and is to remain there some days as a guest; until the affair is closed. Possibly, as his father wants him to marry, he may be on a tour of observation and take in the Judge's daughter. Though that is very impertinent of me, for he has said nothing on the subject."

"Do you think he is so irresistible as to be able to pick and choose at his pleasure?" inquired the girl, looking quizzically over her father's shoulder.

"He can be very fascinating when he chooses, I am told," replied Bolling; "and as he is handsome, an only son, and his father worth millions, he is at what elderly ladies call "a good catch."

"Did it never occur to you, young man, that it was your duty to obey a father's orders and deliver your letter of introduction?"

"I trust, sir, I'm usually obedient. It was not a positive order. I shall write him and explain."

"I tell you that you should deliver that letter to its proper owner. You are only a trustee in the case. I am Judge Carter, and this is my daughter Lucy. Hand over the paper to the Court!"

"I beg pardon, sir; but I—"

"You want identification. Here, Conductor, tell this young gentleman who I am."

"Judge Carter," responded the functionary, a little curious so know what it was all about.

"Thank you Philips. That will do. Now, sir."

Bolling, not a little astonished, took the letter from his pocket-book.

"If you'll permit me," said the Judge, he opened the letter and glanced over the contents. "He gives you a good character and wants me to look after you a little. Ah, how time does fly! Lucy, this young fellow's father and I had such good times in the old days! How long did you read law, Bolling?"

"A little over two years, sir."

"Like it?"

"Very much indeed, sir."

"Whom did you read with?"

"Spence & Sullivan."

"Good men. Sullivan put you through the office business, I fancy. That's his way. Now, I have been putting you through an exhaustive examination, which is my way, and I think you will do. Let old Brigg find another salesman. I have two students in my office. What they are there for is there own business, but they'll never make a great success at the bar unless they change their ways. I want a clerk to manage my office and to boss around while I'm off on circuit. I'll give you a living salary, not too much, and can read law meanwhile. You ought to be able to pass in a year. If you turn out as I hope you will, why, when you get your sheepskin, we'll see what can be done. What do you say to this?"

"Say to it, sir! What can I say but yes and thank you for your offer?"

"Very well, that's settled. Here we are, and there is our carriage. Jump in. I'll drive."

The next day James Poulder, Esq., made his appearance at the Carters' in a state of elegance only matched by that of Captain Cuttle's famous watch—never equaled and rarely excelled. He was ushered into the drawing-room and received by a young lady whose style suited even his fastidious taste, and whose features had a dim familiarity. When the Judge came in the young man's recognition of the farmer in the car was complete. He stammered out an apology, but the old man relieved him.

"It could hardly have been expected that you should have known us," said the Judge. "Let all that pass. You are quite welcome. As we have two hours before dinner, we'll go to the office and look over the papers together. Miss Carter will excuse you meanwhile."

In the office Poulder found Bolling, who was busy at work on a declaration.

"Why, Frank, I thought you were going into the grocery business."

"I've changed my mind," said Frank, resuming his work.

James Poulder stayed his week out, and then took the cars to Careysburg.

Frank Bolling did not make the same trip until two years after. Then he went to visit his father, who had got over his pecuniary troubles, and to see his sisters. He had been admitted to bar meanwhile, and Judge Carter, whose favorable impressions time had confirmed, had taken him into partnership just before he left. He was in high spirits on that trip. He was not alone. Miss Lucy Carter that had been—Mrs. Francis Bolling then—was his traveling companion.

Benefits of the Moon.

The moon ministers to human wants in several ways that are not so apparent as its light-giving function, although some of them are much more important. It is by observing the position of the moon with reference to the fixed stars that the navigator determines his longitude. Upon the revolution of the moon about the earth is based a convenient division of time—the month—intermediate between that furnished by the earth's daily rotation and its revolution through its orbit. Doubtful points in ancient chronology have been frequently settled by means of eclipses of the moon, the dates of which could be accurately determined. The intervention of the moon in eclipsing the sun gave astronomers the opportunities for obtaining their first knowledge in regard to the solar envelope. But the largest effects on human welfare are produced by the moon through the agency of the tides. Twice a day the decomposing organic matter brought down to the seashore by rivers, or deposited along the water's edge by human agency, is swept away by the tidal-wave in its course around the globe. This sanitary service which the moon performs is of inconceivable value. In many harbors large ships and heavily-loaded rafts and barges are moved from the entrance to their wharves, miles above, by that slow but powerful tug, the flood tide. An amount of work is thus done which, if it had to be provided by artificial means, would cost for such a port as London thousands, perhaps millions, of pounds yearly.—*Popular Science News.*

Postoffice Figures.

According to the report of Daniel McConville, Auditor for the Postoffice Department, the aggregate receipts was $48,837,609, the chief sources of which were: Postage stamps, stamped envelopes, wrappers and postal cards, $45,670,983; box rents and branch offices, $2,158,499; revenue from money order business, $719,335. The aggregate expenditure was $52,391,677. The principal items are the following: Compensation of postmasters, $11,929,481; compensation of clerks for postoffices, $5,385,812; compensation of letter carriers and incidentals, $4,618,882; inland mail railroad transportation, $14,707,281; inland mail star routes, $5,118,649; transportation of postal cars, $1,713,381; compensation of railway postoffice clerks, $4,693,381; excess of expenditures over all revenues, $3,554,068. The excess of expenditures over all revenues in 1886 was $6,679,130. The same for the year 1885 was $5,756,344.

The total number of domestic money orders issued during the fiscal year was 9,232,177, aggregating $117,463,660. The number of postal notes issued was 6,307,552, amounting to $11,768,824. The number of foreign orders issued was 615,405, amounting to $9,035,530. The number of domestic orders paid was 9,139,562, amounting to $116,406,329. The number of postal notes paid was 204,453, amounting to $11,572,081. The number of foreign orders paid was 222,122, amounting to $3,918,703.

Citizen—From Chicago, I believe? Stranger—You bet. Citizen—What seems to be the sentiment there concerning the hanging of those fellows? Stranger—Got to hang. Everybody says so. Whole nine ought to swing in a row. Citizen—Nine? I thought there was only seven. Stranger—Don't you heathens out here know that it takes nine men to play ball?

Jim Jinks (meeting Lord Horfleswel on Broadway)—"How are you, my Lord?" Lord Horfleswel (puts up his glasses and stares)—"You have the advantage." J. J.—Met you in the Adirondacks." L. H.—"Ah! Delighted to know you in the Adirondacks." Turns his back and goes on.

Great Advantages.

The "boom" spirit has taken such possession of the west that people who are looking for locations have become accustomed to high exaggeration.

"Do you want to sell your farm?" was asked of an old fellow.

"Wouldn't mind it."

"Land rich?"

"Cream's poor compared with it."

"Healthful neighborhood?"

"Ain't anybody ever died here yit. Cal Gruder's son died some time ago in Texas, and they fotched him home to bury him, an' dinged if he didn't get well before they got through the funeral sermon."

"It must be healthful."

"That's what it is. See that fellar goin' long yonder?"

"Yes."

"Walks pretty well, don't he?"

"First rate."

"Wall, I know something about him in connection with this here climate that will sound sorter strange."

"What's that?"

"Wall when that fellar come here he had only one leg."

"You don't mean it!"

"Yes, I do."

"I have heard so much concerning this part of the country that I am now prepared for almost anything, but I must confess that you astonish me."

"It's a fact all the same. Only had one leg when he come here, but putty soon another one commenced to grow out."

"Grow right on the stump of the old one, eh?"

"No, sir; never had a stump. Was borned with only one leg. Do you know that there ain't a man in this country that draws pension from the government?"

"No; is that a fact?"

"A flat-footed fack. Their arms and legs have growed out till the government has refused to give them pensions."

"Good fruit country?"

"Well, tolerable, but it ain't very good fur apples, fur the trees grow so high that the young apples die of the cold. See that long row of big trees over yonder?"

"Yes."

"When I came here they had just been set out. They were telegraph poles at first, but shortly after they was put out, although they were dead when they were put out, they commenced growing an' they just had to take the wires off 'em an' let 'em rip. Wonderful country, ain't it?"

"Yes; by the way what will you take for your place?"

"I'll sell it to you cheap, considering the fack that they are about to lay off a town on it. You may have my fifty acres for $100."

"That's certainly cheap."

"Reckon it is. What do you say?"

"It is suspiciously cheap. Why are you so anxious to sell?"

"Wall, as I tell you, they are goin' to build a town here an' I don't want no noise an' confusion about me. What do you say?"

"Don't believe I want to buy."

"Say take it for $50. I can't stand noise, recolleck."

"No, I don't care to invest."

"How will $25 strike you."

"Not very well."

"What would you say to $15?"

"No, I'm obliged to you."

"Wall, git outen here now—git! You would paralyze any boom the country ever saw. Bill," calling his son, "fetch my gun here, an' if this fellar's in sight three minutes from now I'll take a crack at him. Git!"—*Arkansaw Traveler.*

How a Mother was Out-witted

A very peculiar marriage recently took place in the auditorium in Ocean Grove that sounds like a romance. A young New York broker fell in love with a country girl while summering there, but the mother, who seems to have been a sort of she dragon, objected to the suit. She had possibly had some experience in her own life, for she averred that "all New York men was loafers," and would not let the bad broker near her ewe lamb. The old lady was very religious, and took her daughter to the auditorium one Sunday to hear Dr. Deems preach. What was her indignation, when, in the midst of a hymn, the young broker sentered with a friend, and took up their seats on each side of the young lady, never heeding the mother's frown. As the services proceeded she noticed that her daughter and the two men were talking a great deal together during the prayers, and her indignation knew no bounds; but she did not want to make a fuss during the prayer. When the services were all over she turned to her daughter with a snarl, and said:

'You just wait till I get you home, miss.'

"But she is not going home," said the young broker.

"Not going home?" gasped the mother.

"Not to your home, anyway. This lady is my wife. My friend is a minister, and during the services he has married us. Good day."

And he walked cooly away with his prize on his arm, leaving a very foolish old woman behind.

All Sorts.

Great groans from little ache-corns grow.

"Auld acquaintance" are seldom forgotten if they have any wealth.

Here's the devil to pay," said the printer when his office boy presented himself on Saturday night.

A watchmaker would never do as a collector of water rates; he would be apt to charge too much for the spring.

Some men speak of the loss of sleep as if they had already had it in their possession and had in some way mislaid it.

Fish should be weighed in their own scales. The catch weight, that fixed by the man who catches the fish, is never correct.

When you read that a millionaire works harder than any of his clerks, please to remember that he also gets more money.

"Don't marry a man who chews," is said to be good advice to girls; but, on the other hand, she must choose a man who will marry.

Officer—"Private Schulz, why has the soldier eight buttons on the front of his coat?" Private Schulz—"Because there are just eight button holes."

Do not marry for riches, my son, but remember that the husband of an heiress is seldom obliged to get up at five o'clock in the morning and build the fire.

Mistress—"Bridget, everything in the house is covered with dust. I can't stand this any longer." Bridget—"Do as I do, mum—don't pay any attention to it."

Among the war relics on exhibition at the Exposition building in Milwaukee is the stuffed body of "Old Abe," the famous war eagle of the Eighth Wisconsin.

The clerk who was nearly worn out showing the young lady lavender gloves, was paralyzed by the question, "Now, which pair do you think is the lavenderest?"

The waiter's ready explanation—"How can you give such a dirty napkin as this?" "Beg pardon, sir; got folded the wrong way, sir. There, sir: how's that now?"

Sam Johnsing—"Miss Snowball, will yer participate in some moah ice cream?" Miss Snowball—"No moah, Mister Johnsing. I likes ice cream once in a while, but not as a beverage. Please 'scuse me."

A measure of economy.—Ukerdek—"Why do you smoke a cob pipe, Pat?" O'Kelly—"Shure, now, an' its very convanient. Whin the 'bacca burns out, yee kin jist kape on smoking till the pipe burns up, too."

"George," she said, and her manner betrayed anxiety, "what has come over papa of late? He treats you coldly and evidently tries to avoid you." "He borrowed $10 of me a couple of weeks ago," explained George.

They were to have young Mr. Law de Dah to dinner, and Miss Travis quietly remarked, as she changed the glass at his plate: "I must give Mr. Law de Dah some soft water. It wouldn't do for him to drink anything hard, you know."

Excited Traveler—"I say, boy, have you any spare time on hand?" Messenger Boy—"Yes, Mein Herr, what is it?" E. T.—"Carry my trunk from the hotel——" M. B.—"Very sorry, Mein Herr, but I'm a specialist; I only carry bouquets and love letters."

Judge B. (with emphasis)—Clara, is that George fellow coming around here again to-night? Clara (hopelessly) I believe so, papa. Judge B.—Well, daughter remember this—this house closes at 10 sharp, and—Clara (hastily)—Oh, George will be here before that, papa; please don't worry.

"I have always admired young Sniderly; he is so trim and neat. His clothes always fit him, and he always looks as though he had just emerged from a band box." "Well, it won't be long before he will look as slovenly as the rest of us." "Why?" "He was married about two weeks ago."

She (blushing)—"Yes, Reginald, if you insist upon it, we will be married next month. But I have one stipulation to make." "What is it, dearest?" "There must be no cards. I solemnly promised dear papa when I was thirteen years old that I would never have anything to do with cards."

Little Ruth sat at the table and heard each remark made as the plates were passed. One wanted a "small piece." Another "a very little," etc. When it came her turn she reached her plate out eagerly toward the coveted food. "I'll take too much, if 'oo pease, papa," she said with naive sincerity.

When President Cleveland was in Mississippi, a semi-intoxicated citizen of that place rushed up to him on the street and, despite the threats of the police, offered Mr. Cleveland his hand. The President good-naturedly grasped it and the man retired, declaring he would never wash his hands again.

Baltimore girl (to young Waldo, of Boston)—"Are you addicted to the habit of cigarette smoking, Mr. Waldo?" Mr. Waldo (at a loss for something to say)—"Well—er—really, Miss Terrapin, I—ah—am ashamed to say that I do occasionally, only occasionally, you know, smoke them." Baltimore girl—"Well, I wish you would give me one. My case is quite empty."

Medical, Etc.

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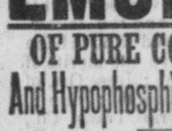

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READY TO MAKE IRON.

FIRES TO BE PUT IN COLLINS BROTHERS' FURNACE THIS WEEK.

The Bellefonte Iron Company, which we believe is the name, style and title of the firm under which the Collins' Brothers will operate their vast iron furnaces, is making surprising speed in completing the stupendous plant for the purpose of beginning operations; and it will surprise and gratify our readers to learn that fires will be put in the furnace this week. Only a few days labor remain to be done to bring the works to the condition of completion which will permit this initiatory process to active operations. The only thing that could interupt this plan would be the immediate ushering in of severe winter weather, which we hope will be delayed several weeks yet.

Having placed the fires in the furnace, it will require only two weeks, or at longest three, to sufficiently heat the vast machinery.

Mr. Shoemaker was so good as to take us into the engine house, where two enormous engines are placed. We forget the name of the makers of these engines, but they are the very best that are manufactured—so pronounced by the Cambria Iron Company, who also have them in use. Each one of these engines is 450 horse-power, and either one is sufficient alone to supply all the power needed, so only one will be used at a time. It is with awe that one looks upon these mammoth mountains of iron and reflects that each piece of the vast machinery is so carefully adjusted as to move with periect smoothness and exactness. The power of this machinery is simply marvelous. We didn't inquire the weight of each engine, but each of the blowing cylinders weighs 7½ tons and each of the driving wheels fifteen tons. The wheels came in only two parts. An air engine is also to be placed in the same building.

The railroad has been built from the Buffalo Run line along the elevated part of the fair ground to the furnace. One track already passes into the buildings and another trestle is being rapidly finished to carry the track to another part of the works. The dumping ground for ore and other necessary stock is large and very convenient.

Eight double houses for dwellings have been erected by the Company and are about completed. Many more will be erected as the weather will permit.

In preparation for beginning work, the furnace-men will arrive this week. An important reason for desiring to begin operations at once is found in the excellent price which iron is bringing. We hope that the price will continue as high and even higher than at present. All things considered, the prospects for the company are most encouraging and we wish them success.

Curtin Street.

The most charming thoroughfare in this borough is Curtin street. It is the most advantageously located for handsome residences, it being situated so that it can be seen from all parts of the town. For instance, no residence in the town is more prominent than that of A. G. Curtin, Jr. It is not only a charming street for this reason, but also because of the view which may be obtained from it. Mountain, stream and fields all come into view towards the north, west and south, while the beautiful town lies south and east.

This renders it the best part of the town for homes, and it will in time be bordered on either side with fine residences. It is near enough the centre of the town to require only a pleasant walk to reach it. The hundreds of people who will be searching for locations for homes next season will surely press in that direction. To live in such a picturesque spot so near a thriving town is an opportunity which but few towns offer.

Fire at Benscreek.

About 12 o'clock on Wednesday night Benscreek, a station on the line of the Pennsylvania railroad, in Cambria county, was the scene of a conflagration, the property destroyed belonging to D. Laughman & Co., of this city, miners and shippers of coal. The coal chutes, weigh scales, blacksmith shop and tools, oil house, office, eight coal cars, a lot of miscellaneous tools, and a Pennsylvania railroad box car were consumed. The loss will not be less than $1,200, on which there is but a small amount of insurance and which is on the weigh scales. The loss will be considerably increased because of the delay consequent in rebuilding and which will have to be done before the works can be started again.—*Altoona Tribune.*

Held up For $21.00.

On last Thursday evening a horse dealer from Indiana county who was coming from Milesburg to Philipsburg, and was traveling the old turn pike leading from Unionville to Black Moshannon, while riding along the crest of the mountain near the old Rattlesnake Tavern and miles from any habitation, was stopped by two masked men armed with Winchester rifles, who seized his horse and demanded his money, As the highwaymen were armed and he was not there was nothing for the luckless horse dealer to do but deliver up, which he did in hot haste. Fortunately he had deposited his money in bank to be sent home and had only $21.97 in his pockets. The robbers took the 21.00 and gave him the 97 cents and ordered him to ride on and not look back, and he followed their instructions to the letter. He arrived at Paul & Cross's livery stable the same night, the worst scared man that ever come into town. He left for Indiana the next day and swore if he got home safely he'd stay there.—*Philipsburg Ledger.*

FROM A LIVELY TOWN.

DEATH, ACCIDENT, BUSINESS AND PERSONAL MENTION IN PHILIPSBURG.

S. S. Crissman has a new druggist in the person of Jacob Spangler, of Franklin county, Pa. He is a pleasant gentleman and a capital druggist.

On Thursday a number of workmen were engaged in taking a large safe from one of the upper rooms in Gray's building, and while bringing it down stairs it got loose in some way, and down it came, tearing the strong steps to pieces and slightly injuring Mr. Landon.

Undertaker R. Haworth has been in Pittsburg for a short time taking lessons in embalming. "Dick" is determined to learn all that is in the business.

Samuel B. Linthurst, who came to Philipsburg from Philadelphia after having contracted that dreaded disease, consumption, is now lying very ill at the residence of his mother-in-law, Mrs. A. V. Carpenter, in South Philipsburg. His mother has arrived to take care of him. Poor Sam, he is a general favorite, and a first-class printer. He was working in the *Price Current* office when he took sick. P. S.—Since writing the above Mr. Linthurst died at 2:30 o'clock a. m., Friday morning, November 18. He had been married about ten months and was aged nearly 22 years. His remains were interred in the new cemetery on Sunday afternoon. Peace to Sam's ashes.

Harry Derringer, that prince of good fellows and clerk in B., D. & B's store, has come home from Philadelphia with a brand-new and loving wife. Harry deserved a good and true better-half, and we are safe in saying she got what she deserved.

Harry Emery has started the "boss" green grocery store of our "burg." He is in Munson's row on Presquisle street, and is fixed up in "dandy" style.

A butcher shop has been opened in Chester Hill.

We should have said Charley Doyle and Jacob Swires had gone into the butchering business, instead of Charles Doyle and Jeffrey Hayes. Charley now smiles on his *old* friends in his *new* place of business.

Rev. George Leidy, of Tyrone, preached in the Methodist church last Sabbath.

Mrs. Levi Munson is better again, after a severe illness.

Philipsburg gets its share of tramps.

Dr. Geo. Ashman says it wont be good for the fellow who tore the wire fence down which encloses the lawn tennis ground on Goose hill.

Is the $3500 steamer of the Hope Fire Company to be kept in that barn and ruined? or will our "city dads" show some good sense by admitting them to a place in our fire department? If this company was composed of a lot of young men not tax payers, then it would look different, but as it is there are many property holders and tax payers among them. They are gentlemen, not "scalawags." Reflect what this company may have to do for you yet. Yea, it may save you from ruin by saving your dwellings or perhaps your life. SOME ONE.

Attempted Burglaries at Unionville.

On Friday night two bold attempts at burglary were made in the usually quiet villiage of Unionville. The burglars (there were at least two of them) had previously entered Mr. Daniel Hall's blacksmith shop and taken from it a strong chisel. With this they pried open the bay window of Mr. Hall's house and one of them entered, the other remaining outside on guard. Mr. Hall heard them and frightened them off. But they did not leave the town. At about half past one o'clock they went to Dr. Russell's house and attempted to enter it in precisely the same manner. The Doctor heard them before they entered and going to the window, inquired, "Who's there?" No answer came, and then the Doctor opened fire from a trusty revolver which he held in his hand. The burglars departed in haste. While we trust they were at least wounded sufficiently to deter them from future attempts of this kind, the chances are that they are unhurt, and people in that neighborhood, and throughout the county should be on their guard against them.

I. O. G. T.

We may say in reference to the Lodge that it is progressing, having good meetings and the attendance is excellent. The officers for the present term, or present quarter, were installed at the meeting November 1, and are as follows:

C T—E S Dorworth.
V T—Mrs D. Rhoads.
Chaplain—Mrs W T Twitmire.
F S—S S Lyons.
Treasurer—Mrs Charles McCafferty.
R S—C E Monroe.
M—Mrs James McCafferty.
I G—Miss Mollie Eckert.

Any person desiring to join the Lodge will confer with the officers or any member of the order. We will be glad to have all that do not belong to the order join with us.

C. E. MONROE, R. Secretary.

Miscellaneous.

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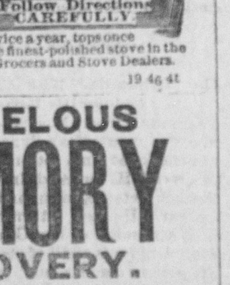

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A HARD FOUGHT BATTLE.

GEORGE RYDER AND "SLIPPERY" BREEN FIGHT 31 ROUNDS.

The Fight Stopped, but Continued After an Intermission of Five Hours. Ryder Finally Knocks Breen Out and Gets the Fight.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—George Ryder, of Brookline, and "Slippery" Breen, of Chicago, met in a well known west end hall, surrounded by a chosen few, to fight to a finish with bare knuckles for a purse of $500. Both men opened cautiously, and in the fourth round the real fighting began. Ryder sprang at Breen like a tiger and laid him low by a stinging upper cut. For the next seven rounds the fighters sparred cautiously, and in the twelfth round George Ryder slapped "Slippery" Breen in the face with his left hand and gave him an upper cut. He staggered and fell. Ryder was about to hit him, when his seconds cried out; "Don't, George," while the opposing party cried, "Foul! foul!" The referee said Ryder did not hit Breen when he was down, and therefore he could not allow the foul. The next round was one continuous shower of blows and honors were easy for both sides.

The fourteenth and fifteenth rounds were in the Brookline boy's favor, but the sixteenth round turned the tables. Breen started in with a swinging left hander on Ryder's right ear. He followed this up with a right hand upper cut, knocking the Brookline featherweight off his feet. The latter would have been laid low had not time been called. His seconds caught him and carried him into his chair. By the aid of brandy and lemons they braced him up, and when the referee called "time" he was on hand. The men then clinched and a "break away" was ordered. Another clinch, followed by Ryder being floored and a few punishing blows from the Chicago bruiser, and the round was finished.

The eighteenth round opened in favor of "Slippery." The Brookliner rallied, however, and just as the round closed was getting in his work.

On the next round it was thought that all was up with Breen. Here bets were made in favor of Ryder $100 to $80, and soon $100 to $70 was given; and as the round closed the betting was on Ryder.

In the twentieth round both men came up rather groggy. This round closed with honors easy. In the twenty-fourth round the men appeared gone, and it was thought an impossibility for them to continue.

When the twenty-fifth round was opened Ryder was knocked against the ropes. The Breen party claimed a foul, but it was not allowed. This set them to clamoring, and "Skin!" "Oh, what a robbery!" and other such exclamations mingled with oaths, were heard from the friends of the Chicago bruiser. Soon the men clinched and the referee stopped them. "Gentlemen," said he, "I cannot afford to be known in this matter; therefore this nonsense must be stopped." The spectators laughed and the referee continued: "I shall not let this fight proceed until it is quiet." As the spectators did not quiet down and as some sounds were heard, it was rumored that the police had got wind of the fight. This proved to be not so, but the men were hustled, well covered, into a closet and the spectators into an adjoining hall.

After much talking the referee ordered the men to finish the fight. The fears of the spectators proved groundless, as no policemen appeared. The men were afraid to go on, however, unless a new battle ground was secured. Five hours were then spent by "scouts" in hunting up a favorable spot, with no good result. The referee finally ordered the men into the old ring again. They banged away at each other for the next four rounds. Their faces and bodies presented a horrible sight. Blood poured from a dozen cuts. In the thirtieth round Ryder, by a stinging blow on Breen's cheek, opened a big gash. In the thirty-first round Ryder proceeded to knock his man out. A swift upper cut on Breen's jaw knocked him heels over head insensible in his corner. The force of the blow sent Breen's jaws together, lacerating his tongue in a fearful manner. Breen did not recover his senses for fifteen minutes. Ryder was awarded the fight and stakes.

Game Fleeing Before the Flames.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 23.—The Mississippi valley, between this city and Quincy, is filled with blinding gray smoke from the prairie and forest fires raging on both sides of the river. The steamer Missouri Belle took on board several hunting parties in the cypress swamps that were forced to the river bank by these fires, and they reported that all kinds of game were fleeing before the flames. They had seen droves of deer and scores of black bears all running north. Back of the swamp country hundreds of farm houses, with crops and fences, have been destroyed. Reports from southern Missouri and northern Arkansas state that the fires are still burning and gaining in volume.

A Probable Bomb in New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—John H. Haslam saw a small white pasteboard box lying on the sidewalk in front of the Knickerbocker flats, on Twenty-eighth street. He picked it up, and as its weight made him suspicious, he carried it to the Thirtieth Street station. When opened it was found to contain a piece of brass pipe about six inches long, plugged at both ends, and with a cotton fuse incased in copper wire protruding from one end. A parlor match was inserted in the wire so that a slight jar would ignite the match. The sergeant did not attempt to find out whether there was anything in the pipe or not.

Claims $100,000 for False Imprisonment.

WICHITA, Kan., Nov. 23.—A heavy damage suit has been brought in this county by Friend against Miller, wherein the plaintiff claims $100,000 for false imprisonment and malicious prosecution. Both are very wealthy citizens. Through Miller, Friend was [illegible] tried before the tribunal of [illegible] for forgin[illegible] of

Thomas Murphy, a priest of Wisconsin, to deeds conveying the title to valuable property in this city. The jury failed to agree upon a verdict, and Friend, upon the conclusion of the trial, brought this suit.

Fighting for Eight Hours.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 23.—The Knights of Labor, of Indianapolis, have determined to renew their fight for an eight hour day in all branches of labor, and committees have been appointed to promote the movement, not only among employers, but to urge Indiana members of congress to give it their support by using their influence toward requiring that all government contracts shall be let on a basis of eight hour labor.

Mrs. Langtry's Artesian Well.

CARSON CITY, Nev., Nov. 23.—Mrs. Langtry's artesian well, which she is having bored on her claim near this city, is now down 215 feet. It has recently been discovered that the Jersey Lily's idea in boring the well was to strike hot water and establish a sanitarium, conservatory, etc.

RAGING FOREST FIRES.

A Dense Fog in St. Louis—Great Loss to Property.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 23.—This city is much exercised over the forest fires hereabout. News from Arkansas, Texas and as far west as Fort Worth, a distance of nearly 800 miles, indicate no abatement of the fires. In sections remote from telegraph and railway stations it is feared that terrible loss to human and animal life has occurred. Southwest Missouri timber regions are all ablaze.

No fog was ever denser than the smoke in St. Louis last night. It was impossible to distinguish objects a block away. This indicates the rapid spread of the flames in the back country woods.

Everybody is complaining of sore eyes. The loss of property in the southwest, so far as heard from, is estimated at $500,000.

ANNA, Ills., Nov. 22.—Forest fires are still raging in all parts of this and surrounding counties. The high wind of Saturday scattered them over a much larger territory than formerly, and it is almost impossible to check them. Several farm buildings in the Mississippi bottoms have burned, among them one belonging to M. W. Eaves, of this city.

MOWEAQUA, Ills., Nov. 22.—The smoke has been so dense in this neighborhood as to affect breathing and eyesight. It is coming from the Okaw bottoms, where hundreds of acres of timber are on fire. It can be seen burning several miles away. It is destroying much property.

A Mysterious Death in Illinois.

ALLENDALE, Ills., Nov. 23.—The dead body of Miss Priscilla Grier was found Sunday morning in a dense forest on the Indiana side of the Wabash river about two miles from here. Part of her body was burned to a crisp, while her shoes were intact. Her hair was disheveled, and her neck and throat were terribly lacerated and a slight abrasion was found on her face. Miss Grier was last seen in company with Frank Miller, his wife Alice, and Simon Mull, on her way to the residence of Squire Staley, where she was employed. The neighbors of the Staleys were aroused that night by the drunken revels of the Millers and Mull. The Millers claim to have no knowledge of the manner of the girl's death, saying they were all too drunk to know anything about it. Miller and Mull have been arrested. Coroner Beard, of Knox county, held an inquest, but has not yet returned a verdict.

Minor Losses by Fire.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Nov. 23.—The Calumet and Hecla company are fighting the fire in its mine on the plan which was adopted when the fire broke out in another part of the mine some months ago. The shaft has been closed, and gas is being forced into the mine to smother the fire.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 23.—The Newark, O., wire cloth works were destroyed by fire. The loss is $20,000, with an insurance about the same amount in several companies.

FINDLAY, O., Nov. 22.—The oil well known as Infirmary No. 2, situated about three miles west of this city, caught fire. All the frame buildings in the vicinity were destroyed, and the fire then began on four 30,000 barrel tanks of oil. The well and tanks are the property of Duke & Meyers, of this city. The loss will not be less than $15,000, upon which there is no insurance.

A Dispute Ends in Shooting.

LONDON, Ont., Nov. 23.—Dan Doherty, of New York, shot Col. George M. Graham, of Rochester, N. Y., inflicting a probably fatal wound. Doherty is under arrest. The shooting grew out of a discussion over a gambling debt. Graham, it is said, told Doherty that a certain sum won from Doherty by a Mr. Howard, of New York, ought to be paid, as it was a debt of honor. Doherty had refused to pay it, on the ground that the play was not fair. He became angry at Graham's remarks and shot him.

Graham kept a gambling house in Rochester several years ago. He was a quiet but determined man, and though seldom in a row generally got the best of those he was forced into.

Wanted to Whip the Referee.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—George McArthur, of this city, known as the champion middle weight of Montreal, and Jim Donnelly, the cowboy pugilist from Kansas, fought for $500 a side with skin gloves in a barn at Rahway, N. J. In the tenth round Donnelly came up very groggy and nearly blind. McArthur led with his left, catching Donnelly on the neck with his forearm. Donnelly was knocked senseless. A claim of foul was made and allowed. McArthur wanted to whip the referee, but the decision stood.

Secretive Fish Commissioners.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The members of the fisheries conference have unanimously agreed to keep their official proceedings secret until the conclusion of their negotiations. Secretary Bayard has forestalled the newspapers by announcing that any publication that may be made as to the proceedings of the commission will be speculative. The first public and authoritative discussions of the subject of the fisheries in any of its phases will arise over the confirmation of the American commissioners by the senate.

Edward Gebhard to Be Expelled.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The New York club board of directors voted unanimously to expel Col. Edward Gebhard from the club.

Sentenced for Bribery.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 23.—Frank T. Northey, who was recently convicted on a charge of attempting to bribe a jury, was sentenced to nine years' imprisonment at San Quenten. Northey was indicted on the same charge as Robert F. Morrow, the prominent capitalist, and James McCord and D. J. Creighton, local politicians, the latter of whom fled to Mexico after his conviction. The juries in the cases of Morrow and McCord disagreed, and their retrial is set for Monday next.

PARNELL'S POSITION.

HE PAYS NO ATTENTION TO GOSCHEN'S ATTACK.

A Similarity Between Parnell's and Gladstone's Methods—The Recent Interview Between Bismarck and the Czar a Friendly One.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The chief topic of discussion and comment is the Parnell interview published in the papers. Mr. Parnell's position and views have not altered one whit during his long silence, nor has his mental vigor become in the slightest degree impaired through his physical weakness. Tories generally affect to discover a remarkable similarity in tone and purport between the recent letter of Mr. Gladstone condemning violent opposition to the government's action in closing Trafalgar square to public meetings and Mr. Parnell's strictures upon the plan of campaign, implying an understanding between the two that the Unionist-Liberals may be won over by specious sufferances. But to the unprejudiced mind nothing of the sort is apparent.

It was naturally expected that Mr. Parnell would take advantage of the first opportunity offered him for public utterance to reply to the recent attack made upon him by Mr. Goschen, who accused him of simulating illness in order to evade responsibility for the recent action of the National league in resisting the coercion act; but to the surprise of everybody the apostate chancellor of the exchequer is wholly ignored.

What Mr. Parnell had to say of Michael Davitt was somewhat ambiguous, but whatever he might have said either for or against the father of the Land league would have made no difference in that earnest individual's cause. Mr. Davitt's speech at the Stepaside meeting on Sunday was not nearly so violent as most of the speeches made in Ireland by Mr. Parnell's parliamentary colleagues and recognized followers during the present recess, yet it is conceded to have had greater influence upon those who heard it than any speech he has made for years.

It will be strange, however, if Mr. Davitt is not soon provided by the government with a convict's suit and prison fare in retaliation for the manner in which he has handled the executive and his subordinates, and certainly every one of the castle attaches, from the viceroy down, would enjoy a season of rest and immunity from just criticism couched in vigorous English during the term of his incarceration.

The Times, referring to the interview with Mr. Parnell published, says it has confirmed the suspicion that Mr. Parnell was really not the leader of the Irish party, but merely an old parliamentary hand retained by the real leaders to do the work that they themselves are unable to do—namely, to manage the work of the party in the house of commons.

A very important diplomatic project, which is perhaps a necessary consequence of the triple alliance that has been hanging about for nine years, has practically come to a head. It is reported that a protocol for the maintenance of the status quo in the Mediterranean has been signed. The same proposals were to the front in 1878. Lord Salisbury was then a party to the league, which was to consist of England, France, Austria, Italy and Germany. In the new combination Spain has been added and France left out. The omission of Russia is a matter of course. Our interest, of course, is the maintenance of our ability to command the Mediterranean. This we could probably do with an Italian alliance, even against so strong a naval combination as France and Russia. Italy resists the expansion of Russian power in the Mediterranean. The maintenance of the status quo has always been a strong point with her.

Foreign Notes.

It has been arranged that Minister Boetticher shall open the German reichstag.

Rear Admiral Sir Michael C. Seymour has arrived in Montreal. He is on his way to England, having been relieved on the Pacific station by Rear Admiral Heneage.

CALLAN'S CAREER.

The Dynamiter Who Was Arrested in London—His Record Here.

LOWELL, Mass., Nov. 23.—Thomas Callan, who was arrested as a dynamiter in London, was employed in a cotton mill here before the war. He enlisted in the Thirty-third Massachusetts regiment and served through the war. He then returned to work here. He is a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. He is small of stature and very inoffensive in manner, and was known to his fellow workmen as Little Tommy Callan. These acquaintances find it hard to believe that he is a dynamite fiend. He had long desired to revisit the old country, and saved from his earnings for that purpose. Last May he started, and expected to get work in London. He frequently wrote to a friend, P. J. Brady, here, telling of his progress in London. He failed to get work, and finally, having spent all his savings, wrote Mr. Brady asking for a remittance of passage money with which he could return to America. Mr. Brady sent him the money two weeks ago. It was in an envelope addressed to Thomas Scott, who was the man with whom Callan said he was boarding.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Nov. 22.—A man named Thomas Scott worked here twenty years ago for John P. Squire, the packer. He was a Fenian and very bitter against England. He advocated violence. He was here again from 1882 to 1885, and was reported to be making dynamite cartridges. In 1885 he went to England. He was never known here as Thomas Callan.

Scranton's Street Paving Assessment.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 23.—The name of Grover Cleveland, president of the United States, appears in a list of delinquents published in the city papers for neglecting to pay an assessment for street paving. A few years ago the government purchased a lot fronting on one of the handsomest avenues in the city. On this lot a postoffice building is to be erected. A year ago the avenue was paved with sheet asphalt, and all efforts to have the government pay its share of the cost have been fruitless. The amount due is $1,249.22. If it is not paid before Friday next a lien will be entered at the prothonotary office and process will be issued thereon within ten days thereafter.

Trial of John Most.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The trial of John Most for using threatening language and making an incendiary speech was begun before Judge Cowing in Part 1 of the general sessions. The court room was packed almost to suffocation, and it was with difficulty that the opposing counsel and those whose business called them there could push their way through the throng. Most presented, for a wonder, a clean appearance, quite at variance with his usual frowsy, unkempt look. It is not thought that a jury will be obtained for two or three days.

BOY BURGLARS.

A Career of Crime Led by a Daring Gang of Boys.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Nov. 23.—The police have arrested Leroy Gibson, William Rissel and David Grove, members of one of the boldest gangs of boy burglars that ever infested this section of the state. The boys are about 14 years old and have a long list of daring burglaries charged against them. Their latest exploit and the one leading to their arrest was committed about 5 o'clock Saturday morning, when they robbed the drug store of G. M. Smith of $135 in cash. Entrance was effected through a side window, and so skillfully was the work done that no trace was left, and but for the suspicious actions of Rissel they would not have been detected. This boy, later in the day, attempted to steal a leather cigar case. He was watched by Mr. Smith, and this morning he was arrested. Afterward the officers arrested Gibson and Grove, as the boys had been close companions for some time. They all confessed, and were committed to jail in default of $1,000 bail each.

The boys had a shanty in the suburbs of the city, which was visited by the police, and many evidences of their guilt were found. In the foundation wall of Gibson's house the officers found a bag containing $37 in silver, and in another place $17 were found safely stowed away. A large number of robberies of the boldest character have been perpetrated here lately, which are now laid at the door of the young culprits. They all have respectable parents.

Governor Oglesby's Empty Bomb.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Nov. 23.—A piece of gas pipe about ten inches long, plugged with hard wood, and with a partly burned fuse inserted in a vent hole, was found among the leaves in the yard of the executive mansion yesterday by the governor's colored servant. The frightened negro picked up the "bomb" and alarmed the governor's household by taking it into the mansion. Mrs. Oglesby telephoned to the governor at the state house, and Uncle Dick informed her that he didn't want the "bomb," and she had better give it to the police. Mrs. Oglesby acted upon this advice, and later in the day Chief Donelan and two patrolmen tested the infernal machine by throwing it into a fire, and discovered that it was empty. Governor Oglesby is disgusted with the coarse joke.

Miner and Carson in Boston.

BOSTON, Nov. 23.—Inspectors Houghton and Burke returned to this city from Chicago with Rufus Miner and George Carson in custody, who were brought from Chicago, where they had been held for the sneak job done a few weeks ago at the office of the Roxbury Gas Light company. They were arrested in Chicago as suspicious characters. One of the Pinkertons, knowing that they were wanted in Boston, had them held to await information from this city. The prisoners were gotten out twice on writs issued at the instance of their friends, but were each time rearrested and held until requisition papers were secured.

A New Trial.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 23.—In the state supreme court here the case of Will A. Strong, ex-secretary of state, recently convicted of defalcation in office and sentenced to the penitentiary, came up for a hearing. The decision of the lower court was reversed and the case was remanded back for a new trial, on the ground that the judge failed to instruct the jury on a proper point as prayed for by the defense.

The Weather.

Fair weather, warmer, followed by colder, light to fresh south to east winds becoming variable.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Closing Quotations of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Money 4½ per cent. Exchange steady, posted rates, $4.82½@4.86½. Governments firm; currency 6s, 121½ bid; 4s, coup., 126¾ bid; 4½s do., 109¾ bid.

The stock market opened ⅛@⅜ per cent. higher on buying for London account, but soon weakened, and by 10:30 was fractionally below Monday night's figures. Toward 11 o'clock a considerable buying of Richmond and West Point and the Vanderbilts was developed, resulting in an advance by midday of ¼ to 2 per cent. The market closed firm.

Prices closed as follows:

West. Union Tel.	80	Del. & Hud.	104
Adams Express	140	Del., L. & W.	134½
U. S. Express	65	Denver	22¾
C., C., C. & I.	53	Erie	30
N. Y. Central	108¾	Kansas & Texas	20¾
N. J. Central	78¾	Lake Shore	93¾
Illinois Central	116¾	Northwest	111⅝
Northern Pacific	22½	Do. pref.	141½
Do. pref.	46½	Pacific Mail	—
Central Pacific	32	Reading	71
Missouri Pacific	91⅝	St. Paul	77⅝
Texas Pacific	27⅝	Wabash	18½
Alton & T. H.	35	Bur. & Quincy	131¾
Canada Southern	58⅝	Ore. R'y & Nav.	90
Canada Pacific	—	Ore. Trans	20
Chicago & Alton	135	West Shore	—

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—FLOUR—Steady at unchanged prices; fine, $2.10@2.75; superfine, $2.50@3.00; good to fancy, $3.10@5.

WHEAT—Firm; receipts, 84,200 bushels; shipments, 71,020 bushels; No. 1 red state, 93@94c.; No. 2 do., 89½c.; No. 2 red winter, 87¾c.; do., January, 89c.

CORN—Firm; receipts, 171,500 bushels; shipments, 103,193 bushels; No. 2 mixed, cash, 54¾c.; do., November, 55½c.; do., December, 55¾c.

OATS—Steady; receipts, 80,000 bushels; shipments, 24 bushels; No. 1 white state, 39c.; No. 2 do., 37@37c. No. 2 mixed, December, 34¾c.

RYE—Dull and unchanged.

BARLEY—Nominal.

PORK—Dull; old mess, $14.25; new do., $15@15.25.

LARD—December, $7.32; January, $7.38.

MOLASSES—Steady; New Orleans choice, 54@55c.

TURPENTINE—Dull at 37c.

ROSIN—Dull; strained to good, $1.07½@1.15.

PETROLEUM—Dull; refined, in cases, 87½c.

BUTTER—Steady; western creamery, 17@30c.

CHEESE—Firm; Ohio factory, 9½@11c.

EGGS—Fairly active; state, 25c.; western, 12@24c.

RICE—Nominal; fair to good domestic, 5¼@5¼c.

SUGAR—Refined quiet; cut loaf and crushed, 6¾c.

TALLOW—Dull; prime city, 4 7-16@4¼c.

COFFEE—Steady; fair cargoes, 18½c.

FREIGHTS—Dull; grain to Hull, 3¼d.

A Deathbed Bigamist.

CANTON, O., Nov. 23.—Samuel Wilson, who was married on his deathbed a month ago to Clara V. Bierbrier, and left an insurance policy for $2,000 in favor of his children by his dead wife, proves to have had still another wife living at Rockford. The latest made wife seized the policy.

Drove Out with His Partner.

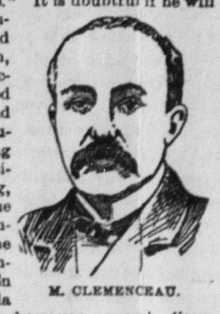
ABILENE, Kan., Nov. 23.—John P. Gould, of Marion, took a drive with Thomas Morgan, his partner, two months ago, and was not heard from again until his body was found on the prairie a few days ago with a bullet hole in the head and shockingly mutilated by coyotes.

CLEMENCEAU AND GREVY.

POPULAR TIDE RUNNING AGAINST THE PRESIDENT.

Everything Quiet in Paris and No Danger of a Tumult—A Most Encouraging Feature of the Situation—The Royalists.

PARIS, Nov. 23.—In France matters have practically come to a duel between President Grevy and M. Clemenceau. M. Grevy's attitude is a modified version of MacMahon's "J'y suis, j'y reste." It is doubtful if he will give way to Clemenceau's demand for his resignation, though this is practically supported by Freycinet and Goblet. The popular tide is running against the president. A new song, "Quel Malheur que d'avoir un Gendre," has taken the place of Boulanger's ditty, "En Revenant de la Revue." There is, however, no such disorder as might have been expected from the volatility of the French masses. The truth is that just at this juncture the trouble is altogether political in its personal interests, and has to do entirely with affairs of state in its effects, and the people have no tangible idol to greet with noise and no immediate cause of irritation to make them angry and noisy. It is not unlikely that they will change their mood on very slight provocation at any moment. The proposal which was made at the meeting of the Municipals that the Radical part of the population should meet in the Champs Elysses, for the purpose of marching on M. Grevy's house, was at once shouted down and buried out of sight by a persistent hubbub of remonstrance, which lasted half an hour. M. Laisant, who pointed out the madness of such a proposition, which, he declared, if put in practice, might lead to a massacre of the people and all the horrors of a bitter civil battle, was received with deafening cheers. This has been the most encouraging feature of the present situation, and indicates an astonishing victory of reason and common sense over the folly of demagogues and the rascality of Socialists. The anger and excitement which have been expressed in the columns of the rabid party newspapers have not in any degree reflected the condition of the public mind. Prince Jerome Napoleon's manifesto has also fallen flat, and his offer of himself in M. Grevy's place is not even looked upon as amusing. He is treated with absolute indifference. With regard to the Royalists little can be predicted. They are the only important body who date their raison d'etre in the past, and their influence is only indirect. They hold something like the insignificant position of the Liberal Unionists in England—a small body of auxiliaries extremely useful in the battle to the conquering party, but not much respected, or considered in the future of the state. Although they assisted the Radicals to oust M. Rouvier, a little to that statesman's surprise, they have fixed no definite place for themselves in the present complications. They seem very little inclined to give any support to a Clemenceau ministry, but rather, on the contrary, regard Radicalism as the thing most to be feared for France. The Royalists have, at all events, the virtue of holding a balance of power with discretion and impartiality, whatever use they may make of it hereafter.



M. CLEMENCEAU.

Parents to Be Arrested for Perjury.

COHOES, N. Y., Nov. 23.—State Factory Inspector Hooley has for some time been investigating the matter of the employment of children not of proper age in the cotton mills. According to law, the affidavits of the parents of the children are on file in the office of the mills. Mr. Hooley will have the police serve fifty warrants charging parents with perjury.

Seven Horses Burned.

BROCKTON, Mass., Nov. 23.—At Bridgewater the stable of C. W. Copeland was totally destroyed by an incendiary fire. Seven horses were burned to death. This is the fifth incendiary fire set to Mr. Copeland's property within two years. The loss will probably reach $5,000.

An 8-Year-Old Commits Murder.

ABERDEEN, Dak., Nov. 23.—A fatal shooting of a 5-year-old boy, Robert, the son of City Marshal Sears, by his 8-year-old brother George, is reported from Ellendale. They were playing in an old house and found a gun. Robert was killed instantly.

Death of "Jerry the Bum."

STURGIS CITY, Dak., Nov. 23.—"Jerry the Bum," a notorious desperado of the Black hills, was shot and killed by the piano player in a dance hall dive. There is talk of presenting a public testimonial to his slayer.

BRIEF MENTION.

Great excitement was caused in Hightstown, N. J., by a passenger train coming into town with the locomotive whistle screeching continually. The engineer could not control it, and the whole town was alarmed.

Work has been begun on the small caliber cannon at the new government arsenal, Watervliet, N. Y.

The Chicago grand jury was directed to investigate the bucket shops.

A judgment by default against ex-President Blanco, of Venezuela, obtained in New York, becomes complicated by Blanco's statement.

The Reading company's employes are being pushed to their utmost capacity to transport the coal now being carried over that road.

Prosecutor Hendrickson, of Burlington county, N. J., thinks there is no evidence upon which to frame an indictment against Oliver Thoren for the murder of Farmer Pearce.

George Brock, a notorious moonshiner, who recently escaped from the Covington, Ky., jail, was recaptured.

Rev. Dr. Joseph Parker finds this country too big for him, and will sail for Europe Dec. 10.

Isaiah Beach, a wealthy farmer, of Laurel, Del., was probably fatally stabbed by a mulatto whom he had whipped.

About fifty warrants have been taken out in Cohoes for violation of the factory law.

The Tehuantepec Ship Railway company has been incorporated at Albany.

Father Damen celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of his ordination into the priesthood in Chicago.

TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT

NATURE'S REMEDY FOR Disordered Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Constipated Habit.

A Remedy which quickly charms
The Infant in the mother's arms,
While drooping age will strive to drain
Each drop the goblet does contain
This EFFERVESCING SELTZER fine
A blessing proves to me and mine.

—The game of foot ball at the State College on Saturday morning, between the club of that institution and the Bucknell University crew, resulted as we expected it would—the State College crew won by a score of 24 to 0. In this instance the University men were older and averaged five pounds heavier in weight. But this is the second game State College has won from them this season. We have noticed that the College is superior in all athletic sports, and we do not remember an instance in which they have lost a game to anyone

Grapes For Changeable Weather.

The effect of changeable weather on ladies of delicate constitutions is very depressing and serious, and something strengthening is needed to assist nature in withstanding the strain. Nothing more effective can be found than Speer's Port, Burgundy and Claret Wines, which are in general use in New York and other hospitals. For sale by druggists.

—The majority for Mr. Hart for State Treasurer is 45,045, and that of Mr. Williams for Supreme Judge is 40,225. The Prohibition vote was 18,000 and the Labor Reform vote about 9,000.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup takes the lead of all cough preparations on our shelves. —Carpenter & Palmeter, Jamestown, N. Y.

I heartily recommend Salvation Oil for neuralgia, for it acts like a charm. J. S. McCAULLEY, (Policemen) Residence 205 N. Bond St., Balto., Md.

—We are informed that ex Governor Curtin has recovered the valuable watch which was taken from his pocket while he was attending the Constitutional Centennial in Philadelphia.

—Boys are selling tickets of admission to the Presbyterian chapel on Thursday evening, the occasion of Governor Beaver's lecture.

—Two of the three prisoners who escaped from the Elk county jail, last week, have been recaptured.

Skin-Success Ointment and Soap. The twin marvels of healing and cleansing.

ALMOST every medicine advertised lately claims that it is for the cure of disease of the Kidneys. So many people have been deceived by worthless compounds, that we feel the public should know that this affliction which is a disease of the blood, and is the basis of most diseases, *can be cured*, although many eminent physicians have been compelled to admit that the disease often baffles their skill.

Cann's Kidney Cure, advertised in this paper, cures the disease, and the following reliable citizens referred to have been cured, and therefore prove the merits of this well known medicine: Jesse Orr, of Orr, Painter & Co., Reading, Pa.; John S. Stevens, President Central Trans. Co., Phila.; John H. Jones, Dispatcher, R. R. R., Pottstown, Pa.; E. M. Bruce, Estey Organ Co., 18 No. 7th St., Phila.; W. F. Burr, of Lippincott, Johnston & Co., Cloths, Phila. Circular giving names of many others cured of Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, &c., at Office, 831 Arch St, Philadelphia. n17s4t 1mdeo

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, November 23, 1887.

Red Wheat, old, per bushel	$ 85
Mixed wheat, old	80
Buckwheat, new, per bushel	40
Rye per bushel	50
Corn (shelled)	50
Corn (ears)	40
Oats	30
Barley	45
Cloverseed, fair to good	$4.50
do prime and extra prime	4.75
do choice	5.00
Flour, retail, per barrel	5.00
Flour, wholesale	4.25
Hay, choice timothy, per ton	$8.00—$10.00
Nova Scotia Plaster	$8.50

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Provision Markets.

[Corrected weekly by A. C. Moyer & Bro.]

Apples, dried, per pound	5
Cherries dried per pound, seeded	10
Dried Currants, per pound	10
New Raisins, per pound	10
Beans, per quart	10
Fresh Butter per pound	25
Cheese, per pound	18
Country Hams, per pound	13
Hams sugar cured	15
Shoulders	10
Breakfast Bacon	12½
Country Bacon	10
Lard, per pound	10
Eggs, per dozen	25
New Potatoes, per bushel	75
Dried Beef	20
Canned Beef, 2 pound can	25
Country Side, per pound	8
Canned Tomatoes, per can	12½—15
Canned Corn, per can	10—12½
Lemons, per dozen	30
Dried Sweet Corn, per pound	10
Apple Butter, per gallon	50
Roller Flour, per sack	$1.25—$1.30—$1.35
Apples, per bushel	60

ROYAL

BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. *Sold only in cans.* ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y. 19 29 1y

Building Associations.

Nearly every officer of a building society is able to give a reason, when asked, why he believes in building societies. Below is a sample of the answers given:

Because I found that a penny saved was a penny gained; that the three dollars I was paying away every week in rent, paid instead to a building society, was in a sense three dollars in my pocket.

Because, having instituted a course of self-denial in order to meet my installments, the habit of saving grew upon me, and by this means I was eventually enabled to open a lucrative business on my own account.

Because, through their agency, I purchased a property, which has since greatly increased in value, and is a fair inheritance to leave to my children.

Because, as an investor, it has been my experience to have my subscriptions, after paying in for a few years, returned to me almost doubled in amount.

Because, as a depositor, I received a higher rate of interest, and far more convenient terms, than would be obtained from other financial institutions.

Because my children, having witnessed the good results of such connection, have followed my example in so far that they deposit their surplus earnings with a society, and for a consideration which acts as an incentive to further and increased exertions.

Because I know that the prosperity of many of my neighbors is attributable, in several instances, to the beneficent agency.

Because I am certain that the rapid progress and generally flourishing condition of the working people are largely due to the habits of economy and industry fostered by such institutions.

Because of the incalculable misery and destitution they have warded off from the homes of the industrial classes.

Because their tendency is to cut down class distinctions, and to put man and man, the rich and poor, more upon a level.

Because, independent of borrowers, investors and depositors, there is no class which they do not benefit; artisans and mechanics, men of every calling, are directly or indirectly assisted by them.

Because, though founded comparatively recently, and in humble manner, they have made such mighty strides that their ramifications now entend over the entire globe.

Because their existence is necessary to the public welfare, as is evidenced by the enormous business they transact.

Because of the thousand advantages offered which are peculiar to themselves, and cannot consequently be found elsewhere.

Because all profits realized and distributed among those who, in one way or another, have banded together and assisted in their foundation.

Because the expenses of management are as small as is compatible with the safe conduct of the business.

Because if there are any losses from defalcations or mismanagement it is the fault of each and every stockholder who neglects or refuses to do his share of the management.

Because they help those who help themselves. They have helped me and they will help all who properly avail themselves of their assistance.—*Altoona Tribune.*

In the High School Last Friday.

At 2:30 o'clock on Friday afternoon the stated literary exercises at the High School began with a musical selection, "Evening Chimes," by those excellent vocalists, Jennie Lukenbach, Fannie Twitmire, Blanche Johnston, Emma Montgomery, Rebie Garman and Prof. Johnstonbaugh. Without delay, Charles T. Noll stepped to the platform and read his essay," A Day in the Woods" It was followed by John Morgan's essay on "Coal."

"Unknown Dead" was an appropriate selection recited by May Taylor. "The Value of Books" was discussed in an essay by James Dolan, who, we hope, will always value books of the best kind. Florence Longacre read an essay on "Abraham Lincoln," whose life and character will ever form a profitable theme for such exercises. "Soliloquy of a Young Lady "was recited by Elsie Herkimer. "Duels" formed the subject of Stella Nolan's essay, while that far-famed locality, "California," was treated by Emma Yerger in a similar exercise. An extremely pathetic composition, "Little Jim," was excellently recited by Bridgie Curry. Emma Montgomery, in her essay, transported her hearers to that far-away country, "Yucatan." The subject of Jennie Crittenden's essay was nearer home—"A Trip to Point McCoy." Far back into the "Long Ago" May Woodring took her hearers in her recitation, while Fannie Twitmire's essay concentrated attention on the word "Home." Decidedly patriotic was Bella Barnhart's recitation, "The Banner of Liberty." Perhaps Andy J. Cruse knows as much about tobacco as any of the pupils, and his essay was on that subject. Emma Herkimer found something to write about in that very useful member which we use daily, "The Hand." After her essay had been read Jennie Fauble recited "The Fate of Virginia" in a really excellent manner. "The Battle of Hastings" formed the theme of Harry E. Jenkins' essay.

The exercises closed with a duet by Jennie Lukenbach and Rebie Garman, with Fannie Twitmire at the organ. The title of the selection was "How can I leave thee?"

There will be no exercises next Friday.

Boz.

What we Have to Say about Thanksgiving

Thanksgiving occurs to-day. The President and the Governor, though not of the same opinion in all things, agree that we should unite this (Thursday) in giving thanks. Besides, we have the example of many years past to influence us to do the same this year. Thanksgiving observance is of New England origin and is worthy of universal adoption, though we believe that the observance of the day does not extend to all parts of this country.

Where is the individual who don't have much for which to give thanks. We can each one do it for favors granted to us as a Nation and for similar favors, accorded us as individuals.

Thanksgiving day means a day on which to give thanks. There are very few people who know this; therefore, we vouchsafe the information. We can tell by the way folks act that they don't known what it means. With nine people in ten of the average sort something quite different from the giving of thanks comes into their minds when Thanksgiving day is mentioned. The great majority associate it with a great big turkey steaming hot; mince pies, fruit cake, etc. If they want any one to help them eat these good things they invite them; or, if they conclude it is their turn to go and eat some other person's turkey, they accept the invitation to do so, or if no invitation has been received, they criticise the folks who have been so neglectful.

A goodly number of people consider Thanksgiving only as a holiday. They may plan to have a quiet rest or to engage in some festivity, just as they choose. None of these ways of viewing the event are wrong, so long as we take them in connection with its principal object—to give thanks.

It is well to do this, too, in a public manner in the church services always held on that day. This town is better than Lock Haven in the number of people who attend the Union service which is invariably held. In Lock Haven, last year, there were only sixty-seven people at the Union service. Here the congregation has never fallen below one hundred and fifty persons, but it should always be three times that number. In their desire to give thanks there should be a great throng of people in the Presbyterian church this (Thursday) morning. The church should be inadequate to hold the number who surge in—not to hear eloquent preaching, but to give thanks. In addition to this Union service there will also be a service in the Episcopal church and perhaps in one or two of the other churches of this place. The Thanksgiving meeting in the Y. M. C. A. hall will be held at 4 o'clock p. m., when the young men who feel that they have any reason for thankfulness may assemble for an expression of such feelings.

Business Change.

Bellefonte Pa., Nov. 15th, 1887.

To my Patrons and Friends.

I take this opportunity to state that I have disposed of my Insurance Agency, goodwill and fixtures, to J. C. Weaver and Clevan Dinges, under firm name of Weaver & Dinges.

I desire to thank all for their patronage in the past, and kindly ask a continuance of the same for my successors, whom I can recommend as being upright and capable business men, and who I am sure, will serve your interests faithfully—

Hereafter I can be found in their office, on second floor of the Crider Building—Room in the west end of building.

Very truly yours

19-d2t-wlt BOND VALENTINE.

—The Veteran hunting club of Tyrone, having pulled itself together on Friday, as we learn from the *Daily Herald* of that place, sent a committee out to view the land with a view to selecting a place on which to pitch a camp. The committee returned Friday night and reported in favor of a location on Tussey mountain in Huntingdon county, and accordingly this morning the party took up their line of march. The party consists of Jonathan Burley, J. H. Holtzinger, H. H. Stratiff, Captain H. T. Harpham, Dr. Appleby and a gentleman from Altoona. Should they meet with good success the camp will possibly be kept up for several weeks, but if the game will not show up good at that point they will come earlier and move elsewhere.

—On Saturday a party of eleven gentlemen, connected with the Pennsylvania railroad, were registered at the Bush House. They were: Messrs. E. B. Westfall, superintendent; G. A. Dadman, J. R. Essinger, Jr., H. J. Fillman, J. S. Hackett, E. J. McWade, E. S. Hamer, E. P. Hanckel, J. B. Sohm, Geo. A. Boyd and J. K. Shoemaker. Their mission in town was to inspect the passenger and baggage stations here.

—There was a very large attendance at the funeral service held at 3.30 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, over the remains of Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton Otto's little boy. Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., officiated in an impressive manner.

A Home Library.

It seems almost incredible to say that a library fairly representing approximately two thousand of the most eminent authors of the world, of all lands and all times, can really be placed within the reach of ordinary homes. Yet this is what is accomplished by Alden's Cyclopedia of Universal Literature, volume VII, of which is issued in November. The work, completed, is to comprise from fifteen to twenty volumes, which are in large type, and really beautiful and excellent in all mechanical qualities, and yet sold at the phenomenally low price of 50 cents per volume for cloth, or 60 cents for half-morocco bindings; even from these prices large reductions are made to early purchasers, and to clubs.

Volume VIII. includes such notable names as Ferreira, the Portuguese poet; Feuillet, the French novelist; Johann Gottlieb Fichte, German philosopher; Henry M. Field, American journalist and author; Henry Fielding, English novelist; James T. Fields, American publisher and author; Louis Figuier, French scientist; Firdusi, Persian poet; Geo. P. Fisher and Wilbur Fisk, American theological writers; John Fisko, American scientist; Flammarion, French author of "The Wonders of the Heavens;" Flaubert, French novelist: Mary Halleck Foote, American artist and author; John Forster, English biographer; Charles Fourier, French socialist and political economist; Charles James Fox, English statesman; George Foxe, of "The Book of Martyrs" fame; Dr. J. W. Francis, American author, and Sir Philip Francis (the famous Junius); Benjamin Franklin, American statesman, philosopher, and philanthropist; E. A. Freeman historian; John C. Fremont, general and "might-have-been" President—all of these in the letter *F*, besides a small host in the letter *G*. The publisher will send a specimen volume to any one on receipt of the price, allowing the privilege of return if the set is not wanted. All lovers of good books should at least see the work. JOHN B. ALDEN, Publisher, 393 Pearl St., New York.

—A recent letter from Mr. Henry Albert, of Crescent City, Del Norte county, Cal., encloses a circular which shows that he is the patentee of what is known as Albert's automatic safety elevator and, we suppose, he is introducing it in that section. Many of our readers will remember Mr. Albert's wife, who was Miss Mollie Nesbitt, a former teacher in the common schools of this place. They will wish him and his agreeable wife much prosperity in their western home.

—The water in Spring creek seems to be about as low as we have ever seen it before.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Short stories will appear in the November *Scribner's*, by Rebecca Harding Davis and Margaret Crosby. The former writes of life on a Louisiana bayou plantation.

The *St. Nicholas* for November has reached our table. It is one of the best magazines for the young published. The present number is fully up to the usual standard of excellence. It can be found in all our book stores.

Fruit growers and gardeners in need of really reliable, practical information concerneng the cultivation of Fruits, Flowers, and Vegetables will find just what they want in *Orchard and Garden* a most interesting and instructive horticultural monthly, published at Little Silver, N. J. Subscription price only 50 cents a year. Sample copies free.

All we have ever said about *The Swiss Cross* as a help to scientific study by boys and girls, we say again, and mention that the November number, which is at hand, is as good as any yet issued. Every young person should have it. Subscription price $1.50 a year; single copies 15 cents. Address N. D. C. Hodges, publisher, 47 Lafayette Place, New York.

The Christmas number of *Scribner's Magazine* will contain double the usual number of illustration, every one of which has been made from a drawing by some well known and expert artist. A few of those represented are Will H. Low, William Hole, A. R. S. A., R Swain Gifford, Howard Pyle, E. H. Blashfield, J. W. Alexander, George Foster Barnes, F. Hopkinson Smith and F. S. Church. The price will remain the same as usual —25 cents.

With the November number the *Century Magazine* begins its eighteenth year. As usual, this number is especially notable It is full of good features by the very best authors, and is beautifully illustrated. We have not room to mention half the good things to be found in this one number. History, fiction, poetry and art all combine to make this work one of the best in the world. Address the Century Co., New York, or purchase it at any of the book stores in Bellefonte or elsewhere.

The November number of *Harper's Magazine* is a brilliant conclusion to the LXXV volume. Both of the serials—"Narka," by Kathleen O'Meara, and "April Hopes," by W. D. Howells—come to a close, with the artistic triumph of Narka and the wedding of the Boston lovers. The last of Mrs. Davis' graphic sketches of Southern life and scenery finds a charming subject in the Bayou region, where Joe Jefferson live. By thus ending the continued series of novels and articles, the Magazine prepares for a magnificent Holiday Number for December, in which every article and story will be complete.

A Misstatement has just appeared in some newspapers, that there is a change in the editorship of the *American Magazine*. No such change has been made or contemplated. The mistake has arisen from the fact that Julian Hawthorne contributes its literary notices. Wm. C. Wyckoff is the editor of the magazine.

The *American Magazine* for December will be a Christmas number. Its leading article, by Wm. H. Ingersoll, will discuss the peculiarities of the Christ, and recount the legend of its origin. This likeness is traceable in the sacred art of all Christain nations from the beginning of our era. Mr. Ingersoll will more especially describe the endeavors of distinguished American painters and sculptors to represent this idea. The article will be abundantly illustrated.

All lovers of the music-drama will be interested in the paper which William F. Apthorp, the well-known musical critic, will contribute to *Scribner's Magazine* for November, on "Wagner and Scenic Art," which is to be fully illustrated from the original Bayreuth sketches. *Scribner's Magazine* will signalize the completion of its first year by the publication of a superb Christmas number. Its contents will be chiefly poetry and fiction, and literature appropriate to the season. The number of illustrations will be greatly increased, and will represent the best and most original work of American artists and engravers. The cover is to be enriched by a special order, printed in gold; but notwithstanding the fact that the preparation of this number has necessitated, of course, a greatly increased cost, the price will remain as usual, twenty-five cents.

The November *Fountain*, in addition to its well selected articles on various subjects commands the usual wide range in its original matter, as the following will indicate:

Dr. Asa Gray; How to Mount a Small Telescope; Footprints of Vanished Races—The Treglodytes; The Cuckoo; The Composite Family—The Golden Rod; Our Legacy from the Greeks; Stories of Mythology—Theseus and His Doings; Letter from California; What to Do; Two Little Girls; Louis and the Ants; The Doors and Windows of Charter; Composition Writing; Drawing; Questions and Answers; Music—This is not my Home.

The Magazine as a whole is a *perfect gem* for the school and home, and deserves a wide patronage. It is carefully edited and the sprightly music of this number is worth more than the price of the Magazine.

Price $1 per year (10 months) or 10 cents per number. Address W. H. Shelley, York, Pa.

The November number of the *Phrenological Journal and Science of Health* will especially interest the ladies as the leading article relates to Pundita Ramabai, the Hindoo scholar now in this country for the purpose of studying medicine. From the portrait to the signature the article is intensely interesting. "Mesmerism Forty Years Ago" is a strong and thought-awaking article. "A Girl's Problem" is continued in the form of a letter to Margaret Mackenzie from an eminent engineer.

"The Wealth of the Southern Pines," and "Notable Characters of the Day," are fully illustrated. Of the Child Culture department we must say it is admirably conducted The editorials relate to the critics on the late O. S. Fowler and Phrenology; New Schools of Medicine; and characters worthy of admiration. The *Journal* is published at $2.00 per year, 20c a number. Offered the last three months of this year "on trial" for 25c. Address Fowler & Wells Co., Publishers, 775 Broadway, New York.

A WONDERFUL BOOK.—We have received from the publishers, D. Lothrop Company, Boston, Volume W of *Wide Awake*, bound in a pretty cover. It ought to be bound in steel!

A librarian said of the earlier volumes lately, "They are literally read to pieces."

What sort of a book do you think it is that ought to be bound in steel?

We should like to believe that everybody is familiar with it. But we know that, just as good food is rare, so good books are not on every man's table. An excess of pepper and spice is apt to accompany coarseness of viand. Men and women and children, most of us read what is "lively" rather than true; and we learn to crave the pepper and spice.

One in a dozen families—no not so many—one in a hundred—eats good food. About as many read good books. And yet the proportion of good eating and reading is quite as high in this as in any country The fact is some good food is a little dry. Good reading is never peppery. We are losing our capacity for enjoyment of both when we crave unwholesome stimulants.

Wide Awake is one of those rare collections varied and bright enough to engage the common reader and good enough to lead the capable reader to higher pleasures and benefits.

Four volumes of *Wide Awake* are now in the bookstore, U and V in one style of binding and W and X in another, $1.75 a volume.

A specimen monthly number can be got by sending five cents to the publishers, who, by the way are also publishers of *Babyland*.

Such magazines are helpers of every good interest everywhere. Let no family be ignorant of them.

We have received from the Thompson Publishing Company, No. 125 South Sixth street, Phila., Pa., a copy of the American Home and Farm Cyclopedia. This is one of the best works for farmers that we have ever seen, it is a complete home book, stock book, farm book, universe formulary, sports and pastimes, the most practical, complete, best illustrated reference book to be found in farm literature. This is no exaggeration we really mean what we say; there is no profession that requires a more extended and universal knowledge than farming and stock raising, the day for ignorance in this great employment has past for all who want or deserve success, our farmers should be men of broad culture and deep learning. We cannot agree with some who have contended that our State College in this county was departing from the paths of usefulness because it was teaching those studies that would fit men for every station in life. He who would be a good farmer should face almost universal knowledge. He should do less real hard bone labor and more hard work, his life should be a life of constant study, his home should be surrounded and filled with refinement and beauty. good papers magizines books and among the latter of course the valuable work of Thompson & Co's above mentioned, the author of which is a well known successful man. In editing this great work, Doctor Allen has shown his usual forethought by making a book that everybody wants. To secure this end he has spared no expense. Two thousand cut (most of them engraved esp easly for the work) amply and beautifully illustrate each subject; besides which are many full-page engravings and lithographs showing grasses, grains, fruits and flowers in natural colors. To make each department complete, he has levied contributions from forty agricultural colleges, the leading agriculturists, stock men, fruit raisers, gardeners, florists, nurserymen, bee keepers, poultry men, architects, lawyers and physicians. Fish culture and special crops, as jute, hops, etc., are not neglected. Thus the successful experience of specialists in each line has made the work what it is.

What intelligent, Centre county farmers can afford to be without this great work, it should be in the hands of all. Prices, special edit on $4.50, regular edition $5.00—6.00—7.50. Address as above.

We have received the *American Newspaper Annual for* 1887, published by N. W. Ayer & Son, of Philadelphia. They are so confident that they have put out a good work that they invite us to critise it, adversely if possible, we can find any fault. We have examined it carefully, and we find no fault with it. A more valuable work for a newspaper office or for an advertiser to have we know not of; in fact, it is a valuable newspaper encyclopedia in which the reader may learn many startling facts such as Vermont has one county in which no newspaper is published, Virginia has thirty, and West Virginia has one.

The Northern States have more newspapers than the Southern States. Republicans have more than Democrats, and Democrats more than Independents.

Every trade has its own paper, even the undertakers. One of the journals rejoices in the cheerful cognomen of "The Shroud." The miner, the fireman, the bicycler, every one has his own peculiar publication.

Pennsylvania has as many papers as all New England, she having just as many counties as they have in combination, that is, Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Every one of Pennsylvania's 67 counties has its paper, and New England has but a single county without a paper. Every county in New York, New Jersey, Delaware and Maryland has a paper. No less than 240 counties in the South have no newspaper, while all the rest of the States combined show only 20 counties having no newspaper. This does not include the Territories, which still have sparse population. In the Territories there are 77 counties having no paper.

The condition of the South is pretty well shown by its supply of papers. Virginia, which is slow to awaken to general business prosperity, has 30 paperless counties, while Alabama which is throbbing with new life, has but two counties unprovided with papers. West Virginia has 1, North Carolina 26, South Carolina none, Florida 6, Mississippi 17, Louisiana 2, Texas 88, Arkansas 1, Kentucky 19, Tennessee 20.

Nearly every one of the older Western States has every county supplied. The exceptions are Michigan 8, Minnesota 5, Kansas 4, Nebraska 1, California 1, Oregon 1. Of the Territories Alaska and Indian Territory have no papers. Dakota has 50 blank counties, Utah 16 out of 24, New Mexico 5, Washington 8. The Territories which have a paper in every county are Arizona, Montana and Wyoming.

These are most interesting figures and the publishers are entitled to much credit for the painstaking research they have made—a labor requiring a correspondence almost incredible.

For all this they charge just $5.00. So we have no fault to find with it. We consider it a most valuable addition to our office library.

New Advertisements.

A RARE COMBINATION.

THE

REPUBLICAN

AND THE

WEEKLY PRESS

OF PHILADELPHIA,

THE LEADING FAMILY PAPER OF AMERICA,

FOR ONLY $2.00.

THE WEEKLY PRESS is a Republican eight-page newspaper containing a complete digest of all the news of the week—a full report of all the leading markets of the country—the best farm department of any general newspaper—special departments for women and young people—a good original story in each number. In fact THE WEEKLY PRESS is a complete newspaper.

THE REPUBLICAN

Contains all the home and local news, and all other items of special interest to the people of Centre county. Taken together, these two papers furnish the complete necessary general reading matter essential to every family in Centre county.

They will be sent to any address for **$2.00** *in advance*, postage free, which is practically the price of one paper.

No such offer has ever heretofore been made and we are confident beyond successful competition in this country. Old subscribers desiring to take advantage of this offer, who may have already paid in advance, can do so by accepting our terms and their subscription will be credited a year in advance of the present payment.

This liberal offer is open alike to all. Sample copies of the WEEKLY PRESS will be sent free on application. Address:

REPUBLICAN,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Everywhere the Same.

Wherever Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir is introduced it leads all other remedies for the cure of coughs, colds, hoarseness, bronchitis, and all affections of the throat and lungs. It will relieve the worst case of asthma in one minute. Regular physicians endorse it as a first class specific for the purposes for which it is prepared. Barnard Salisbury, of Humphrey Centre, Cattaraugus Co., N. Y., writes:—"I have tried it in my family and find it splendid. We keep it constantly on hand and would not keep house without it" At this season of the year all persons are liable to a cold, which one or two small doses of Gilmore's Magnetic Elixir will relieve at once.

A RARE COMBINATION.

TWO PAPERS FOR THE PRICE OF ONE.

We are making an offer that was never paralleled in this county.

To every *new* subscriber who pays one full year in advance ($2.00) we will send the Philadelphia *Weekly Press* one year *free*.

To every *old* subscriber who pays all arrearages and one full year in advance of the date of payment, we will send the *Weekly Press* one year *free*.

Until further notice the REPUBLICAN and the Philadelphia *Weekly Press*, *one year* for $2.00.

Ninety-two long columns—enough matter to make a book—for only 4 cents a week. Think of it!

The REPUBLICAN gives all the local news and everything that makes a good local paper. It is the largest, handsomest, newsiest, best. What the REPUBLICAN is to the county the *Weekly Press* is to the State. It is beyond question the most valuable weekly paper Pennsylvanians can read. Now is the time to subscribe.

Many people think a baby is born only to swallow nasty medicine for months, until some thoughtful friend tells them of Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup.

Use Laxador for the distress and discomfort resulting from indigestion and be at once relieved. This wonderful remedy is sold by all druggists.

Minot's Dentifrice.

Is used and highly valued, where people admire a handsome set of teeth. The price is 25 cents; it prevents decay, spongy gums, and gives a sense of sweetness and freshness. As a reliable tooth preparation, it stands without equal. Sold everywhere.

COURT PROCLAMATION.—Whereas, the Hon. A. O. Furst, President Judge of the Court of Common Pleas of the 49th judicial district, consisting of the Counties of Centre and Huntingdon and the Hon. Chester Munson and the Hon. Daniel Rhoads, Associate Judges in Centre county, having issued their precept, bearing date the 5th day of Sept., A. D. 1887, to me directed, for holding a court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery and Quarter Sessions of the peace in Bellefonte, for the County of Centre, and to commence on the fourth Monday of November, being the 28th day of Nov., 1887, and to continue two weeks, notice is hereby given to the Coroner, Justices of the Peace, Aldermen and Constables of said County of Centre, that they be then and there in their proper persons, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of the fourth Monday, the 28th day of November, 1887, with their records, inquisitions, examinations, and their own remembrances, to do those things which to their office appertains to be done, and those who are bound in recognizances to prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the jail of Centre county, be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, the 5th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord, 1887, and in the one hundred and twelfth year of the independence of the United States.

W. MILES WALKER,
19 44 4t Sheriff.

Fall and Winter Season—1887-'88. All our new *Woolens* now on sale.
MONTGOMERY & CO., Tailors.

THE CENTURY MAGAZINE.

With the November, 1887, issue THE CENTURY commences its thirty-fifth volume with a regular circulation of almost 250,000. The War Papers and the Life of Lincoln increased its monthly edition of 100,000. The latter history having recounted the events of Lincoln's early years, and given the necessary survey of political condition of the country, reaches a new period, with which his secretaries were most intimately acquainted Under the caption

LINCOLN IN THE WAR,

the writers now enter on the more important part of their narrative, viz.: the early years of the War and President Lincoln's part therein.

SUPPLEMENTARY WAR PAPERS,

following the "battle series" by distinguished generals, will describe interesting features of army life, tunneling from Libby Prison, narratives of personal adventure, etc. General Sherman will write on "The Grand Strategy of the War."

KENNAN ON SIBERIA.

Except the Life of Lincoln and the War Articles, no more important series has ever been undertaken by THE CENTURY than this of Mr. Kennan's. With the previous preparation of four years' travel and study in Russia and Siberia, the author undertook a journey of 15,000 miles for the special investigation here required. An introduction from the Russian Minister of the Interior admitted him to the principal mines and prisons, where he became acquainted with some three hundred State exiles,—Liberals, Nihilists, and others,—and the series will be a startling as well as accurate revelation of the exile system. The many illustrations by the artist and photographer, Mr. George A. Frost, who accompanied the author, will add greatly to the value of the articles.

A NOVEL BY EGGLESTON

with illustrations will run through the year. Shorter novels will follow by Cable and Stockton. Shorter fictions will appear every month.

MISCELLANEOUS FEATURES

will comprise several illustrated articles on Ireland, by Charles De Kay; papers touching the field of the Sunday-School Lessons, illustrated by E. L. Wilson; wild Western life, by Theodore Roosevelt; the English Cathedrals, by Mrs. Van Rensselaer, with illustrations by Pennell; Dr. Buckley's valuable papers on Dreams Spiritualism, and Clairvoyance; essays in criticism, art, travel, and biography; poems; cartoons; etc.

By a special offer the number for the past year (containing the Lincoln history) may be secured with the year's subscription from November, 1887, twenty four issues in all, for $3.00, or, with the last year's numbers handsomely bound, $7.50.

Published by THE CENTURY Co. 33 East 17th Street, New York.

NOTICE TO DEBTORS AND CREDITORS.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the estate of Barbara Etters, late of the township of College, county of Centre, and state of Pennsylvania, deceased, have been granted to William Etters and John W. Etters, resident of Tyrone, Penn'a, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make payment and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay.

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney. WILLIAM ETTERS, JOHN W. ETTERS, Administrators.
18 46 6t

VALUABLE FARM
—AT—
PUBLIC SALE.

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale, on the premises in Half Moon township, Centre county, Pa., on

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1887,

at 10 o'clock a. m., all that certain farm adjoining lands of Matthew Elder, Susan Gray et al., containing 137 acres and 7 perches, more or less, and being part of the Abram Elder homestead property, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at stones by a black oak, a common corner of lands of George S. Gray, the Lamborne survey and the heirs of A. M. Elder, deceased; thence South 52½ degrees West 94½ perches to a pine; thence North 37¾ degrees West 366 8 10 perches to a post and stones; thence by lands of McDevitt's heirs North 56¾ degrees East 72 4-10 perches to a post; thence South 37½ degrees East 226 4 10 perches to a post; thence South 37½ degrees East 96 3-10 perches to a post; thence North 52½ degrees East 54½ perches; thence East 37½ perches to the place of beginning, having thereon erected a large frame barn.

TERMS OF SALE:—One third of purchase money in cash upon the execution of the deed; one-third in one year and one third in two years, and deferred payments to be with interest, and secured by bond and mortgage upon the premises.

DANIEL BATES,
19 44 4t C. K. ELDER.

Bellefonte Republican.
By EDWARD T. TUTEN.

Africa-Cunningham.

Special to the Altoona Tribune.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., November 17.—At 10 o'clock this morning a notable social event occurred in this place in the marriage of Mr. Walter G. Africa, son of Hon J. Simpson Africa, ex-secretary of internal affairs, and Miss Maude Cunningham, youngest daughter of Robert and Agnes Cunningham, deceased. The marriage took place at the residence of the bride, and was solemnized by the Rev. D. K. Freeman, D. D, of the Presbyterian church, who was assisted by the Rev. James Curns, of the Methodist church. Misses Ida Langham, of Philadelphia, and Maggie F. Read, of this place, were the bridesmaids, and Messrs. J. Murray Africa, a brother of the groom, and J. Oliver Cunningham, a brother of the bride, were the groomsmen. Only the immediate relatives of the contracting parties, to the number of twenty-five, were present at the ceremony.

The happy couple, who were made the recipients of numerous elegant presents, departed on day express for an extended wedding tour to various eastern cities. Their future home will be made in Manchester, New Hampshire, where Mr. Africa holds the lucrative position of superintendent and manager of the People's gas and electric light company. A feature of the wedding was the unexpected reception given the bride and groom on their emerging from the house by their friends, who in wishing them bon voyage supplemented their kindly expressions with a perfect shower of rice and antiquated foot apparel. Another pleasant feature was the presentation by the groom to each of the ladies and gentlemen in waiting of a beautiful souviner consisting of a diamond pin.

—Coroner Glenn, of Blair county, held an inquest on Thursday morning over the remains of Henry Schoedler who was killed by his traction engine going through the bridge across the Juniata river at Williamsburg with him. The verdict of the jury was: "That his death was caused by breaking through the Williamsburg bridge crossing the Juniata, while crossing with a traction engine, said bridge being in bad condition, rotten and worm eaten and not considered safe for common travel. We further recommend that the proper authorities be required to make an examination and repair the same without delay." County Commissioners McIntosh, Calvert and Wighaman were present at the scene of the disaster and also at the inquest, and directed that immediate repairs be made. The bridge was erected in the year 1838 and no radical repairs have been made since the year 1870. The ragged timbers jutting upon the opening where the engine went through shows that they are rotten clear down and should have been attended to long ago, but nobody seems to have had any idea that the old bulk was so unsafe. The working of the engine under ordinary pressure jarred them and they easily broke apart.

—Mr. C. P. Hilder is painting a very large picture for a particular purpose. He has been engaged on it for several weeks, expecting to have it completed in about one week longer. The subject is the great fire which destroyed the Reynolds' Bank building and Garman's Hotel. The disastrous conflagration is depicted on canvas in a most graphic and natural manner, and will be interesting for the public to inspect when it is completed, Mr. Hilder's merits as an artist giving assurance of the excellence of the picture. The purpose is that an appropriate and valuable article may be provided, to be contested for by the three fire companies of the borough, and certainly no more appropriate article for such a purpose could be conceived. There will be a lively contest between the companies for its possession. The plan was originated by the Logan Hose Company and Mr. Hilder and we believe that a large part of the proceeds will be given to the Logans. The public will await with much impatience the time when the picture can be exhibited.

—On the night of the 31st of October (Hallow-e'en) a chair was taken from the porch of Mr. John Brachbill's residence. It was a more than ordinarily valuable chair, built by Mr. B. for the especial purpose of keeping on his porch, and made of wood so thoroughly seasoned and prepared for the purpose that it was strong, durable and perfect. He valued it for this reason and also because it had been in his possession a very long time and he often had been rested by occupying it. Well, it was taken and Mr. Brachbill has been waiting patiently for its return. As it has not yet been returned he gives notice that unless brought back within the next few days he will prosecute the thief.

—Mr. Thomas Perdue, an old gentleman, was quite badly hurt at the glass works on Friday night. He was in the blacksmith shop, and in bending over the shafting which extends through that part of the works his coat was caught and he was hurled around quite violently. One of his shoulders was dislocated and up to the time of writing this notice the doctors had not succeeded in getting the shoulder in position again. He was also hurt in other ways and it is feared that, owing to his advanced years, the injuries may be quite serious.

ALMOST every medicine advertised lately claims that it is for the cure of disease of the Kidneys. So many people have been deceived by worthless compounds, that we feel the public should know that this affliction which is a disease of the blood, and is the basis of most diseases, *can be cured*, although many eminent physicians have been compelled to admit that the disease often baffles their skill.

Cann's Kidney Cure, advertised in this paper, cures the disease, and the following reliable citizens referred to have been cured, and therefore prove the merits of this well known medicine: Jesse Orr, of Orr, Painter & Co,, Reading, Pa.; John S Stevens, President Central Trans, Co, Phila.; John H. Jones, Dispatcher. R. R. R., Pottstown, Pa.; E. M. Bruce, Estey Organ Co., 18 No. 7th St., Phila.; W. F. Burr, of Lippincott, Johnston & Co., Cloths, Phila. Circular giving names of many others cured of Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Diabetes, &c., at Office, 831 Arch St, Philadelphia. n17 4t 1mdeo

—In the baby boy line affairs seem to be about even. A son and heir arrived a few days ago at the home of Mr. Thomas Dunkel. People say the stranger is a Democrat. Anyway, we congratulate Mr. and Mrs. D. On Thursday night a handsome baby boy came to the home of Mr. Lunger Wian, who lives on Gov. Beaver's farm. There is not the least doubt that James Beaver Wian—by which name the boy will be known—is a true Republican. We drink to the health, long life and prosperity of parents and boy.

—Since 1790 there has been twenty Governors of Pennsylvania. Of these eleven were lawyers, two printers, one a Lutheran preacher, one a tanner, one a civil engineer, one a farmer, one an iron manufacturer and two were merchants. Only six of these are living, to wit: Pollock Curtin, Hartranft, Hoyt, Pattison and Beaver. The Democrats elected eleven of the twenty, the Federalists one, anty-Masons one, Whigs two and the Republicans five.

—A little son of Mr. Hamilton Otto's died on Friday afternoon about 2 o'clock. The little one had been very ill for several weeks of membraneous croup.

In a recent railroad disaster in the west the only person killed was a man who was taking a straw vote of the passengers. If all railroad accidents resulted so satisfactorily there would be no railroad officials censured by coroner's juries.

ATH-LO-PHO-ROS
does cure
Rheumatism
Neuralgia &
Nervous Headache. It will cure YOU.
It is the only remedy that has successfully stood the test of time.
Send 6 cents for the beautiful colored picture "Moorish Girl." Athlophoros Co. 112 Wall St. New York.
Here goes Pop's ATHLOPHOROS! Now he'll be too lame to kick me

Mason & Hamlin

Organs and Pianos.

The Cabinet Organ was introduced by Mason & Hamlin in 1861, Mason & Hamlin Organs have always maintained their supremacy over all others, having received Highest Honors at all Great World's Exhibitions since 1867.

The Improved Mode of Stringing Pianos, invented by Mason & Hamlin in 1882, is a great advance in piano construction, experts pronouncing it "the greatest improvement in pianos in half a century." Piano circular, containing 300 testimonials from purchasers, musicians, and tuners, and Piano and Organ Catalogues, free.

MASON & HAMLIN ORGAN AND PIANO CO.,
[illegible] NEW YORK.
19 40 3m

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Railroads

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD.—Time Table, November 14, 1887.

WESTWARD	Exp A M	Mail P M
Leave Lock Haven	9 00	3 40
Flemington	9 05	3 45
Mill Hall	9 09	3 48
Beech Creek	9 25	4 08
Eagleville f	9 30	4 08
Howard	9 44	4 22
Mount Eagle f	9 54	4 32
Curtin	10 01	4 38
Milesburg	10 12	4 48
Bellefonte	10 25	5 00
Milesburg	10 35	5 10
Snow Shoe Int	10 38	5 14
Unionville	10 43	5 24
Julian	11 59	5 35
Martha	11 09	5 47
Port Matilda	11 19	5 56
Hannah f	11 26	6 05
Fowler f	11 29	6 08
Dix f	11 34	6 11
Bald Eagle	11 38	6 19
Vail	11 45	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	11 55	6 37
EASTWARD	P. M.	
Leave Tyrone	7 15	8 10
East Tyrone	7 22	8 17
Vail	7 28	8 20
Bald Eagle	7 33	8 25
Dix f	7 39	8 30
Fowler f	7 42	8 32
Hannah f	7 46	8 36
Port Matilda	7 55	8 48
Martha	8 05	8 51
Julian	8 15	8 59
Unionville	8 25	9 10
Snow Shoe Int	8 35	9 18
Milesburg	8 39	9 22
Bellefonte	8 49	9 32
Milesburg	9 01	9 47
Curtin	9 11	10 01
Mount Eagle f	9 17	10 06
Howard	9 27	10 16
Eagleville f	9 40	10 30
Beech Creek	9 45	10 35
Mill Hall	10 01	10 50
Flemington f	10 05	10 54
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 10	11 00

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 13th, 1887.
Leaves Snow Shoe at 6:45 a m; arrives at Bellefonte at 8:4[illegible] a m.
Leaves Bellefonte 9.42 a m., arrives at Snow Shoe 11.50 a m
Leaves Snow Shoe 3.15 p m., arrives at Bellefonte 5.29 p m
Leaves Bellefonte at 8:05 p m; arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:00 p m.
S S BLAIR, General Sup't

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD Time Table, Nov. 13th, 1887.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	12 40	5 20
Penn's Furnace	1 05	5 40
Hostler f	1 11	5 50
Marengo f	1 17	5 55
Loveville f	1 29	6 00
Furnace Road f	1 27	6 10
Dungarvin	1 30	6.13
Warriors Mark	1 50	6 25
Pennington	2 07	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 20	6 50
L. and T. June	2 26	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. P. M.	Mixed A. M
Leave Tyrone	4 30	9 20
L. & T. June	4 34	9 25
Weston Mill f	4 40	9 28
Pennington	4 55	9 48
Warriors Mark	5 05	9 55
Dungarvin	5.17	10.09
Furnace Road f	5 26	10 12
Loveville f	5 26	10 16
Marengo f	5 30	10 22
Hostler f	5 40	10 33
Penn's Furnace	5 50	10 44
Fairbrook	6 05	11 03
Scotia	6 25	11 20

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE R. R.—BELLEFONTE, NITTANY AND LEMONT R. R. To take effect Nov. 13th, 1887.

Dis.	Westward			Dis.	Eastward		
	a.m.	p.m.			a.m.	a.m.	p.m
.0	5.50	1.30	....MONTANDON....	6.30	9.10	5.05	
1.5	6.09	1.40	Ar..LEWISBURG..Lv	5.20	9.00	5.35	
1.5	6.05	1 40	Lv..LEWISBURG..Ar	.....	9.00	5.35	
5.4	6.15	1.48	.....Biehl f.....	.....	8 51	5.22	
6.8	6.22	1.56	.....Vicksburg f.....	.....	8.45	5.15	
10.7	6.33	2.09	... MIFFLINBURG....	.....	8.33	5. 3	
13.1	6.40	2.16	.....Barber f.....	.....	8.26	4.55	
17.2	6.46	2.27	.....Sweigle f.....	.....	8.20	4.45	
16.1	6.48	2.27	.....Millmont.....	.....	8.18	4.43	
18.6	7.00	2.37	.....LAURELTON.....	.....	8.12	4.30	
23.5	7.08	2.53	.....Pardee f.....	.....	7.58	4.15	
24.7	7.12	3.01	.....Weiser f.....	.....	7.54	4.09	
28.9	7.27	3.07	.....Cherry Run f.....	.....	7.45	3.58	
32.2	7.35	3.17	..Paddy Mt. Tunnel f..	.....	7.35	3.48	
33.9	7.41	3.30	.....Fowler f.....	.....	7.32	3.42	
36.6	7.49	3.36	.....Coburn.....	.....	7.23	3.33	
39.6	7.56	3.49	.....Zerby f.....	.....	7 15	3 23	
43.4	8.10	3.50	.....Rising Springs....	.....	7.06	3.15	
46.2	8 19	4.00	.....Penn's Cave f.....	.....	6.58	3.07	
49.2	8.27	4.07	...CENTRE HALL....	.....	6.50	3.00	
51.6	8.34	4.12	.....Gregg f.....	.....	6.43	2.53	
54.6	8 45	4.23	.....Linden Hall.....	.....	6.36	2 45	
56.7	8 52	4.27	.....OAK HALL.....	.....	6.30	2.37	
58.3	8.56	4.30	.....LEMONT.....	.....	6.25	2.31	
60.2	9.03	4.36	....Dale Summit f....	.....	6.20	2.25	
63.9	9 14	4.45	.....Pleasant Gap f....	.....	6.09	2.12	
65.2	9.19	4.51	.....Axeman f.....	.....	6.04	2.05	
67.4	9.25	4.55	....BELLEFONTE....	.....	6.00	2.00	

CHAS E. PUGH.....General Manager
ROBERT NEILSON.....General Superintendent
E. B. WESTFALL.....Superintendent

BELLEFONTE AND BUFFALO RUN RAILROAD.—To take effect Monday, Oct. 17, 1887.

EASTWARD. No. 4.	No. 2.	Dis.	STATIONS.	Dis.	WESTWARD. No. 1	No. 3
P. M.	A. M				A. M	P. M
6 19	9 14	18.	Ar..Bellef'te, Lv	0	6 30	3 30
6 09	8 59	14.7	...Hastings, F...	3.2	6 42	3 43
6 00	8 52	12 5	.....Hunters	5.5	6 48	3 50
5 56	8 47	11.2	.....Fillmore	6.8	6 51	3 55
5 51	8 42	10.	....Sellers, F....	8.	6 58	4 00
5 46	8 36	8.	.....Waddles	10.	7 04	4 06
5 25	8 11	3.2	...Thompson, F..	14.8	7 26	4 32
5 20	8 07	2.	.....Krumrine ...	16.	7 30	4 37
5 13	8 00	0.	...State College,..	18.	7 36	4 43

Trains will stop at stations marked F when signal is given or notice to Conductor.
Trains 2 and 4 connect with Trains East and West on Bald Eagle Valley Railroad and Snow Shoe Branch.
THOMAS A. SHOEMAKER, Sup't.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 13th, 1887:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia		11 25 p m
" " Harrisburg		3 30 a m
" " Williamsport		7 10 a m
" " Jersey Shore		7 35 a m
" " Lock Haven		7 58 a m
" " Renovo		8 50 a m
" arr at Erie		4 00 p m
NIAGARA EXP. leaves Philadelphia		7 40 a m
" " Harrisburg		11 25 a m
" arr. at Williamsport		2 18 p m
" " Lock Haven		3 30 p m
" " Renovo		4 30 p m
" " Kane		8 35 p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at		5 00 p m
FAST LINE leaves Philadelphia		11 50 a m
" " Harrisburg		3 45 p m
" " Williamsport		7 10 p m
" arr at Lock Haven		8 02 p m
" " Renovo		9 00 p m
SUNDAY MAIL leaves Phil'a		4 30 a m
" " " Harrisburg		7 40 a m
" " " Wm'sport		10 35 a m
" " " Lock Haven		11 53 a m
" arr. at Renovo		12 30 p m
EASTWARD.		
Sea Shore EXPRESS leaves L. Haven		7 05 a m
" " " Jer'y Sh're		7 35 a m
" " " W'msp't		8 15 a m
" " arr. at Harrisb'g		11 30 a m
" " " Phila'phia		3 15 p m
DAY EXP leaves Kane		6 25 a m
" " Renovo		10 20 a m
" " Lock Haven		11 15 a m
" " Williamsport		12 20 p m
" arr at Harrisburg		3 13 p m
" " Philadelphia		6 50 a m
ERIE MAIL leaves Erie		2 45 p m
" " Renovo		11 00 p m
" " Lock Haven		11 55 p m
" " Williamsport		1 25 a m
arr at Harrisburg		4 50 a m
" " Philadelphia		8 25 a m
RENOVO AC'N leaves Renovo daily		4 05 p m
arrives at Harrisb'g		9 30 p m
" " Philadelphia		4 25 a m

Erie Mail West, Niagara Express West, and Day Express East make close connection at Lock Haven with B. E. V. R. R. trains.
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. R. R.; at Corry with B. P. & W. R. R. at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. R. R. and at Driftwood with A. V. R. R.
ROBERT NEILSON Gen'l Supt.

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19 44 1y

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"BILL ARP'S" JOY
UPON READING
MILLENNIAL DAWN,
THE
"PLAN OF THE AGES."
FOOD AND COMFORT FOR ALL THINKERS.
READ HIS COMMENTS.

[From Atlanta Constitution.]
A kind lady has sent me a book of 350 pages called "Millennial Dawn," published by the Tower Publishing Co., in Pittsburg, Pa., which will, I believe, awaken the thinking world. I see that its sale is already over twenty-five thousand. It is impossible to read this book without loving the writer and pondering his wonderful solution of the great mysteries that have troubled us all our lives. There is hardly a family to be found that has not lost some loved one who died outside the church—outside the plan of salvation and if Calvinism be true outside of all hope and inside of eternal torment and despair. We smother our feelings and turn away from the horrible picture. We dare not deny the faith of our fathers, and yet can it be possible that the good mother and her wandering child are forever separated—forever and forever?
I believe it is the rigidity of these teachings that makes atheists and infidels and skeptics—makes Christians unhappy and brings their gray hairs down in sorrow to the grave—a lost child, a lost soul!
Let us see how many lost souls. The geographers give the world a present population of fourteen hundred million, of whom only one hundred and sixteen million are Christians,—that is, who live in Christian countries. Of these, only sixteen million are adult members of the church; and of these, about one million walk not after the flesh but after the spirit. That is a beautiful picture.—Only one million of truly good, pious Christian people in all the world, and fourteen hundred and ninety-nine millions who are elected to be eternally damned. Add to these figures one hundred and forty-two billions, who have already lived and died in the ages past, and if all these are damned, it does look like God's plan of salvation was a miserable failure. He gets one soul for glory while Satan captures thousands.
This wonderful book teaches that trial is yet to come—that all are to rise from the dead when Christ comes, that He will offer His salvation to all people; not only to the living, but to those who rise from the dead. His kingdom will be supported by the saints and by good people everywhere, and the mother will have another chance to reclaim her wandering child and bring him unto the kingdom. This wonderful book makes no assertions that are not well sustained by the Scriptures. It is built up stone by stone, and upon every stone is the text, and it becomes a pyramid of God's love, and mercy, and wisdom. There is nothing in the Bible that the author denies or doubts, but there are many texts that he throws a flood of light upon that seems to uncover its dark and gloomy meaning. I see that editors of leading journals, and many orthodox ministers of different denominations, have indorsed it and have confessed to this new and comforting light that has dawned upon the interpretation of God's book. Then let every man read and ponder and take comfort, for we are all prisoners of hope. This is an age of advanced thought and more thinking is done than ever before,—men dare to think now. Light—more light, is the watchword.
BILL ARP.

The truths set forth in the above described work so benefitted me, so opened my eyes to God's great, just, loving, wise plan, and so opened the Bible before me, that with others who have read and been caused to see, I have concluded to spend such means and strength as I possess in passing this cup of refreshing truth to other thirsty souls. To this end I am *loaning this book*, postage prepaid, to all who will promise a careful reading of it and to pay return postage. The above came voluntarily and unexpectedly from Mr. "Arp's" pen after reading the book, sent him by me, and is well matched by hundreds of letters from people in every station of life. I want every *intelligent*, thinking man and woman to read the book, for as "Arp" truly says, "It is impossible to read this book without loving the author [Doubtless God through the writer was the real *Author* of the plan unfolded,] and pondering his wonderful solution of the great mysteries that have troubled us all our lives."
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Many appliances and treatments for the cure of rupture are advertised, but it certainly must be accepted as true that the most reliable testimony must come from people who are in a position to speak from experience. Following are a few letters selected from many thousands of a similar character, received from people who have been cured:
July 26, 1887. This is to certify that I was ruptured. Through Dr. J. B Mayer's treatment I am completely cured, and recommend his treatment. Joseph Wolf, Justice of the Peace, Clarksboro', N J
My son was ruptured from birth until 7 years old. I took him to doctors, tried many trusses, had him at hospitals and at the University of Pennsylvania, with no relief, growing worse until I took him to Dr J. B Mayer, 831 Arch St., Phila., for treatment. He gave him ease at once and entirely cured him. William Dix, 1826 Montrose St., Phila. Sworn May 28th, 1887. Joseph McKinney, Notary
April 21, 1886. Dr. J. B. Mayer, Dear Sir:—Many years ago I received a severe rupture. I came under your treatment and got ease at once. Upon being examined by the Board of Physicians of the United States Pension Department, January 6, 1886, no trace of rupture could be found. I can only say thanks to your treatment, as I am entirely cured. Yours, A. G. Foster, 1184 Ogden Street, Phila.
Frank Deemer, 17 North Third St., Phila.
W N Leinbach, Leinbach, P O., Berks Co., Pa.
H E Langrehr, Williamstown, N. J.
John Walker, 3003 North Fifth St., Phila.
Th. B Hastung, New Ringgold, Pa.
William W Lee, 1747 Frankford Ave., Phila.
A D Goldsworthy, Centralia, Columbia Co.
O C Pitcher, 103 South Third St., Reading, Pa.
Israel Sandt, Main St., South Easton, Pa.
Martha Huber, Buddtsville, Pa.
D J Delliett, 214 South Third St., Reading.
F T Benny, 604 South 9th St., Phila.
L A Hamilton, 111 Frankford St., Phila.
Jacob C Schant, 9½ North Tenth St., Phila.
J G Quin by, 229 Pearl St., Reading Pa.
A S Kleinginna, Hamilton, Berks Co., Pa.
Chr Smith, 412 Greenwich St., Phila.
J C Lyme, 346 S. 14th St., Harrisburg, Pa.
G W Watt, Norristown, Pa.
H E Hershey, Hershey House Harrisburg,
F G Rossiter, Phœnixville, Pa.
S Jones Phillips Lennett Square, Pa.
Theodore Matthes, 904 West York St., Phila.
J Price, Waynesboro, Pa.
John Yates, 424 Vine St., Phila.
A B McNaught, Lewistown, Pa
L P Deines, Oley, Berks Co., Pa.
Jas Shour, 4th & Bingaman Sts., Reading, Pa.
Ernest Fatigati, 2021 Lawrence Sts., Phila.
H L Rowe, 209 Elm St., Reading, Pa.
S T Stroy, Mantua, Gloucester Co. N. J.
J M Lutz, 926 West Huntingdon St., Phila.
Z K Danenhower, 2.18 Fairhill St., Phila.
Jacob Dambach, Jr., 2212 Lawrence St., Phila.
Peter Burkhart, 1152 Green St., Reading, Pa.
Edward J Sheesley, Steelton, Dauphin Co., Pa.
George Lechel, 2.31 Race St., Phila.
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n17 1m

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ADDITIONAL LOCAL NEWS

—The front gate and the hammock,
The old bench in the grove,
Have had their day and must give away
To the corner near the stove.

—Are you prepared for winter?

—Houseplants present a thrifty appearance.

—The "merry-go-around" is attracting attention.

—The new spring on the post office offers considerable resistance.

—Improvements to General Hastings' property continue to be made.

—"Oh, for mere rain!" is the cry of many persons who live in the country.

—Eggs continue scarce despite the fact that Eggtown is so close to Bellefonte.

—Mr. John P. Harris has built a fence around his new frame house on East Lamb street.

—Bartruff is still disposing of his "Fairy Gigs" as rapidly as he can manufacture them.

—William C. Love and his daughter, Cora, of Tusseyville, after an illness with typhoid fever, are improving.

—The engine that draws the train of which Michael DuPrynne was conductor is neatly draped in morning.

—Make the best of what you have, and do not make yourself miserable by wishing for what you have not got.

—Steamed oysters are now recommended by physicians in preference to those prepared in any other way.

—The peal of the breakfast bell doesn't always bring a man down. But the peal of the banana will do it every time.

—The Lock Haven *Democrat* comforts itself with the reflection that the religious status of that city is pretty good.

—The next National House of Representatives will consist of 168 Democrats, 153 Republicans and 4 Independents.

—The League base-ball managers have been compelled to submit to the Brotherhood, of which John M. Ward is captain.

—Considering the price of fashionable bonnets, we begin to think the word "mi lionaire" is but a corruption of milliner.

—Someone tells us that the *Watchman* will soon appear in a complete new dress, which will be perfectly stunning in its beauty.

—Twenty-six persons united with the Methodist church at Rock Chapel, Pleasant Gap charge, as a result of the recent revival.

—The Centre Hall band has decided to buy new instruments and will endeavor to secure the best quality which their funds will permit.

—A new and substantial iron bridge now spans the creek near Oak Hall station. It is an improvement over the old rickety plank affair.

—Since the election the two weekly papers of Centre Hall have concluded to live peaceably, and the *Reporter* advertises its gun for sale.

—Sanford Miller, a compositor in the Millheim *Journal* office, sprained his right wrist a short time ago in the rink. He is now laid up for repairs

—On the third of December Rev. Mr. Steck will lecture in Millheim to raise funds for a new Lutheran church now in course of erection at Coburn.

—The new Methodist church at State College is advancing so rapidly toward completion that a large and handsome structure will soon be an established fact.

—Howard Spangler's new residence on Bishop street is to be painted in the most attractive style of any building on that thoroughfare. The principal color will be red, like that of the Episcopal rectory, but the trimmings will be yellow.

—Mrs. Peter Heller, of near Rebersburg, and John Beck, of near Wolf's Store, are suffering from recent injuries. Mrs. H. fell and broke one of her arms; John Beck was thrown from a two-horse wagon, striking his head on a stone and inflicting a serious wound.

—John Bartruff shows us a huge 16-page issue of the Terre Haute, Ind., *Express*, published on Sunday, the 6th inst., as an advertisement of that city. It is filled with elaborate and glowing accounts of the business enterprises and institutions of that lively community.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Badger, of Lock Haven, is believed to be the oldest person in that city. On Tuesday, of this week, she celebrated her 87th birthday. She was a resident of Jacksonville and also of Bellefonte at periods in her life. She is confined to her bed with feebleness, but her mental faculties are unimpaired.

—Judge Biddle, of Philadelphia, has decided that checks given in payment of debt to persons within the same city must be presented on the day of date or the following day or else the drawer cannot be held responsible for the failure to pay them. Those who are in the habit of holding checks for several days should reflect on this decision.

—Williamsport has closed a contract with the Edison Illuminating Company to supply 80 arc lights of 2,000 candle power to light the streets of that city. The contract runs for a period of two years at the rate of $95 per light per year. Said lights are to be either the American, Fort Wayne, Janney or Thompson-Houston system.

THE GREAT REAPER.

The Aged and the Youthful Cut Down by Death.

ONE FUNERAL AND TWO DEATHS RECORDED TO DAY.

Friend after friend departs;
Who hath not lost a friend?
There is no union here of hearts
That finds not here an end;
Were this frail world our only rest,
Living or dying, none were blest.

'Squire Jacob Baker.

A few days ago Judge John Irwin, Jr., received a letter from Mr. Hiram Baker, of Des Moines, Iowa, announcing the death of his father, the venerable Jacob Baker, Esq., which occured at the latter's home in Linn township, Warren county, Iowa, on Friday, November 4, aged 83 years, 8 months and 22 days. The deceased was born in Howard, this county, and lived there more than three-quarters of a century. How well the citizens of that place and also throughout all parts of the county remember him! He was a man of the most earnest and exemplary Christian character. He was a justice of the peace during a longer period than any other person in this county ever occupied that office. Although he had never made a special study of the law, not one of the decisions given by him was ever reversed by the higher authority. What other judge in either higher or lower courts can give such a record as that?

For further notice of this esteemed gentleman we quote from an article in the *Iowa State Register*, a copy of which was also sent to Judge John Irwin, Jr.

"The death of Jacob Baker, Esq., of Warren county, marks the close of a long and most exemplary life. Mr. Baker, or as he was better known to a very large circle of friends at his old home, 'Squire Baker, was born at Howard, Penn, February 12, 1805. He was married in 1827 to Sarah Mains, who died in 1874. His family consisted of six sons and three daughters, of whom two sons and all of the daughters survive. Three of the sons died in early manhood and one, Charles, gave his life for his country on the battlefield of Antietam. Mr. Baker was a man of spotless integrity, careful and conscientious in business, conservative in his habits, and of more than ordinary intellectual ability. For many years he was the trusted legal and business adviser of an extensive circle of neighbors, although not a lawyer and receiving no fees for his advice. So unquestioned was his worth in this regard, that for forty-two consecutive years he held the office of Justice of the Peace in his native village, holding an unexpired commission at the time of his removal to Iowa. He lived forty-five years in the house he built soon after his marriage. In 1869 he visited Des Moines and, while here, transferred a portion of his estate to Iowa by the purchase of a considerable farm in Linn township, Warren county, now divided, and owned and occupied by his sons, Hiram and T. M. Baker. After the death of his wife, being left without family, save an invalid daughter, all of his other children being married, and all save one daughter, Mrs. Ella S. Croft of Lewisburg, being residents of Iowa, he, at the earnest solicitation of these latter, determined to break his old home and sever the associations of a lifetime in order that he might have the ministrations of his children in his last years. He therefore closed up his affairs so far as possible and in 1880 came to this State and has for the seven years past had a comfortable home with his youngest son, T. M. Baker, who, with his excellent wife, have been constant in faithful and kindly ministrations which his age and feebleness required. The change of residence had no perceptible effect upon his health, indeed he seemed not to have any disease, but with advancing age his physical strength and mental faculties gradually declined until the machinery seeming to be worn out he quietly passed away surrounded by his children and grandchildren. He was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church for about thirty years. His professions were modest as his life was consistent, and during his latter years his interest in religion and his personal piety became constantly more marked, and it was observed that during the last months of his life, while his mind sometimes wandered and became cloudy on ordinary matters he was always clear and strong in his religious thought and experience. His funeral at Pleasant Ridge church on Sunday, Nov. 6th, was conducted by his pastor, Rev. L. Jean, and was attended by a very large concourse of neighbors and friends."

MRS. MAGGIE SENSER.

The death of Mrs. Maggie Senser occurred in Unionville on Wednesday morning, of typhoid fever. She was the wife of Mr. Thomas Senser, who survives her. Two children also mourn the departure of an affectionate mother. She was the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Fulton, of this place, who, it will be remembered, suffered the loss of a daughter by death only a few weeks ago. Another daughter lies at home extremely ill. Many friends will sympathise with the good people in their unusual affliction.

ELMER E. GORMAN.

The young man, the particulars of whose sad death were given in this paper last Wednesday, was buried at 2 o'clock on Wednesday afternoon. He was followed to the cemetery by many mourning friends. After the body had been consigned to its earthly resting place the friends went to the M. E. church, where funeral services were held. The 997th hymn was sung and Rev. Dr. Monroe offered prayer. He read a few appropriate passages from the Scripture and delivered very earnest remarks regarding the uncertainty of life, quoting from one who said, "There is but a step between me and death." So it proved in the case of this young man. His closing words were directed more particularly to the friends present. Only two weeks ago that day (Wednesday) Elmer E. Gorman had departed from Bellefonte strong and well, with promise of long life. But a single step ushered him into eternity. Oh, the lesson here given to be ever ready. This is what the mourning friends should learn. Mother, wife, child, brothers and sisters were separately remembered in his remarks. After prayer and the singing of 960th hymn they were dismissed with the benediction.

Elmer E. Gorman was 23 years, 5 months and 12 days of age.

Let Faith exalt her voice,
And now in triumph sing:
"O Grave, where is thy victory?
And where, O Death, thy sting?"

Fatal Accident.

Tuesday evening about 6.45 o'clock, says the Tyrone correspondent Wednesday's Altoona Tribune, of Frank Stouffer, on his way from Tyrone to his home at Thomastown, about a mile west from Tyrone station, discovered a man lying in the gutter just beyond the south track, and upon examination he found him dead. He had apparently been struck by some passing train. The body was brought to this station and Esquire Taylor called, who summoned the following jury of inquest: D. T. Caldwell, foreman; F. A. Harris, B. F. Evans, C. R. Miller, W. M. Snyder, and Harry Worley, who, upon examination ascertained from papers on his person that his name was Patrick J. Ferry; that he had boarded with George W. Snyder, at Grazierville, and was supposed to have been at work near that place. The only witness examined was Frank Stouffer, who found the body. The jury of inquest adjourned to meet Wednesday morning at 9 o'clock for further investigation. The man's neck was broken and the best evidence available would seem to indicate that he was struck by the pilot of local freight east. Conductor Irvin has been summoned to appear this morning.

Third Class Mail Matter.

The Postoffice Department in Washington has promulgated a decision that no written or printed matter can be placed on the wrappers except as specified in section 367, Postal Regulations for 1887. These specifications permit to be placed on a wrapper, in addition to a single address, the sender's name and address, but not his business. The request to return if not delivered can also be added, and any mark intended to call the attention to something in the text of the written matter made be made. A manuscript dictation may be placed on a book or leaves of a book, and the word personal or to be called for can be placed on the wrapper. But anything that partakes of the nature of personal correspondence, written or printed, such as directions to the postmaster, and an advertisement calling attention to the sender's business, is not permissible except in first class matter.

—The responsibility of missing the DAILY NEWS cannot always be placed, by subscribers, on the carrier. An instance in proof occurred on Tuesday afternoon of last week. The carrier on the North route left the paper at a certain residence as usual. Coming near the residence again, an interested boy said he believed the paper had been stolen by another boy, whom he pointed out. When the carrier interrogated the culprit he denied it, but the paper was easily abstracted from his pocket and returned to the residence from which it had been taken. Perhaps the boy did not know that in stealing the paper he was committing a criminal act. Boys who have a propensity to steal the DAILY NEWS are cautioned not to do so, as it is regarded by the law as quite a serious offense.

—The A. M. E. congregation, of this place, are certainly to be envied in having obtained for their pastor a gentleman of such ability and devotion as Rev. Mr. Brown, who now ministers to the people of that church. The field over which he has charge, including, we believe, Lock Haven as well as Bellefonte, is a large one and will doubtless show the benefit of his careful and wise efforts. He is an able preacher and every colored person in the town should attend the church regularly and encourage their pastor as well as benefit themselves.

—Mrs. Elizabeth Smith, a widow of Marengo, who had been ill for several weeks, died on Sunday morning, the 13th instant, about 4 o'clock, and was buried Tuesday at Graysville. She was a member of the M. E. church. She leaves two sons and two daughters to mourn their loss—Mrs. Ann Clabaugh, of Huntingdon, Mrs. Miriam Ellenberger, of Marengo, and Martin and Andrew of the same place. They have the sympathy of the community in their bereavement.—*Tyrone Herald.*

—An Italian, named Joe, had his leg broken a few days ago while at work at Morris' lime kilns.

"Irvona No. 2."

AN EXTENSIVE NEW BUSINESS ENTERPRISE IN SNOW SHOE.

The Irvona Coal Company, of Philadelphia, have leased the property and colliery at Snow Shoe, formerly operated by Boak, Orvis & Company, and intend working it on an extensive scale. They will begin their mining operations at once, and as soon as the season will permit will erect a plant of coke ovens, for the manufacture of furnace and foundry coke. The colliery will be known as the "Irvona, No. 2," and will be managed and worked in connection with their colliery, "Irvona, No. 1," and the plant of eighty coke ovens, now in successful operation in Coalport in Clearfield county.

The Irvona Coal Company was incorporated in 1886 with a full paid-up capital of $50,000, and employ at present about 150 miners. Mr. Abram Nesbitt, President of the 2d National Bank of Wilkesbarre, Pa., is President of the company, and Mr. Wm. J. Nicolls, formerly manager of Berwind, White Company's Snow Shoe operations, is manager and treasurer. The company's general office is at 216 South 3d street, Philadelphia.

We are glad to know of this new enterprise which marks one more step onward in the development of the mining interests of that locality. The gentlemen who compose the company are men who mean business, and we expect to hear a good report from them and their enterprise.

Through a Bridge.

We take the following from the Williamsburg Correspondence in the Altoona *Tribune*, this morning:

Mr. Harry Saddler, who resided with Mr. David Moyer on the old Harbison farm, was the owner of a traction threshing engine, separator and clover seed huller. Yesterday forenoon he took his separator across the river bridge and placed it in the barn of Mr. D. M. Robinson on the farm formerly owned by William H. Ake. He was accompanied by Mr. John Kipe, whose home is on Clover Creek, about three miles from Williamsburg.

Between 1 and 2 o'clock in the afternoon Messrs. Saddler and Kipe, accompanied by a man named Miller, started to re-cross the river bridge with the engine. When they had gone into the bridge about forty feet the flooring suddenly gave way and the engine was precipitated into the Juniata river which is now about three feet in depth. That part of the engine to which the driving and traction wheel are attached being the heaviest broke through first and the heavy piece of machinery crashed through to the river bed, alighting bottom upwards. Messrs. Shadler and Kipe stuck to the engine and went down with it and were fastened under it. Mr. Miller jumped off and escaped without injury. Mr. Kipe was fastened by one leg which was broken and badly cut and crushed. Fortunately he was able to hold his head above the water. As long as his strength permitted he held Mr. Saddler's head above the water, but his severe injuries compelled him to abandon his efforts to save his friend's life and to look out for himself. When Saddler was taken out of the water life was extinct.

—Not long since one of our young men sat down and wrote two postal cards on entirely different subjects. He then turned them over and addressed them, but by mistake placed the addresses on the wrong cards. The result was—the shirt maker in Harrisburg got a polite invitation to take a carriage ride in a barouche, while the young man's girl was made frantic by receiving the following: "Please send me a sample of the stuff your shirts are made of."—*Ex.*

—It is seriously proposed to colonize the sect known as Dunkards in the United States in what is known as the "Panhandle" section of Texas. They believe in the Bible literally and abhor war, and so were respected for their faith in the Civil War and exempted by both sides. Pennsylvania has several thousand, and they are reckoned as good citizens. If Texas gets them the State will have a valuable acquisition and Pennsylvania sustain a loss.

—Mr. John P. Harris' dog, "Beauty," is one of the most intelligent animals we have ever seen. It understands almost every command given it and will obey immediately. An article can be concealed in a secluded place and if the dog is told to hunt for it he will at once proceed to do so with as much care, diligence and wisdom as can be displayed by anyone. Of course, the animal will obey those whom he knows much more readily than he will other persons.

—On the Pennsylvania railroad on Tuesday of this week, about a mile east of Tyrone, thirteen freight cars were wrecked. The cars were laden with Chicago dressed beef, and the meat was scattered in all directions. Edward Cullen, a son of Supervisor Cullen, of Spruce Creek, was very seriously hurt while superintending the work of clearing up the wreck. The company's loss is about $10,000.

—Miss Suzanne Bancroft, daughter of the great historian, was married a few days ago in Washington, to Charles Carroll, of Howard county, Md. It was a quiet and romantic wedding, the father knowing nothing of it until after it was consummated. He didn't get angry and disinherit his daughter, but quietly asked the young couple to come and take tea with him in the evening.

Patents Granted.

The patents granted to citizens of this State during the past week and reported expressly for this paper by C. A. Snow & Co., patent lawyers, opposite U. S. Patent Office, Washington, D. C., are as follows:

H. M. Billesby, Roselle, electric meter and electrical distribution. J. E. Emerson, Beaver Falls, wire nails.

J. O. Everson, Pittsburg, reversing roller mill.

H. A. Garvey, Scranton, making foundry patterns.

C. V. Henry, Pittsburg, gas furnace.

J. H. Hillman, Pittsburg, gas blast furnace.

W. Hoopes, West Chester, machine for turning irregular forms.

J. E. Horstick, Harrisburg, lever cider press.

E. Mather, Harrisburg, preventing scale forming in boilers.

W. B. Middleton, Lancaster, welding steel.

O. B. Shallenburger, Rochester, electric converter.

J. A. Smith, York, octave coupler for organs.

W. S. Smith, Stone Church, wagon brake.

W. Stanley, Pittsburg, electrical distribution.

A. A. Weimer, Lebanon, metal grinding machine.

G. Westinghouse, Pittsburg, electrical distribution and converter box.

How they Kiss.

In society a woman is not kissed twice in the same place. When an old friend is greeted and she advances with her lips the victim turns her face and the caress falls askance. Possibly the very woman who is opposed to the practice takes the initiative, but her lips never meet lips. She may kiss within a fraction of your mouth, kiss your chin, your cheek or your forehead; kiss your "eyelid into repose" or kiss your hair—but if she has had any training, socially, she will never kiss your mouth. The girl who comes from Smith College, Northampton, kisses on the oblique line that falls from the left corner of your mouth, but when kissed, is so adroit in the way she jerks her head that the point of salutation may be found on a radius from the right of her demure little mouth. The Vassar graduate kisses more than her Smith College friend, but the chin is her choice, and you will observe it in an attempt to salute her. The seniors from Wellesley press their kisses high up on the face, almost under the sweep of the eye lash, and the Lake Forest and Harward Annex maidens kiss at a point equally distant from the nose and ear.

Letter List.

Following is a complete list of the letters remaining uncalled for in the postoffice at Bellefonte, Centre county, Penn'a, November 14, 1887:

William Bottorf, Jos. M. Duncan, Harry Fineburg, Mrs. Hannah Gallagher, Wm. M. Gilbert, Witmer Harrows, Elmer Hockeman, H. Kruger, Mrs. Annie Lulees, James Musser, James Phillips, William Riley, Miss Dora Stiffler, H. B. Sherman, Wilmer Stover, Miss Mary M. Weaver, Charley Wilson, Milton H. Yeakel, Rev. Z. A. Yearick, Mrs. Mary Zeigler.

Persons inquiring for letters named in the above list will please say advertised.

JAS. H. DOBBINS, P. M.

—Harter, in his Middleburg *Post*, says: Once upon a time, far away from Middleburg, there was a preacher who was sorely pressed for money, and as his congregation had failed to pay the last quarter of his skimp salary, he appealed to the officers of the church for the money due him. One of the trustees who was particularly noted for his stinginess, exclaimed, "Money? it's money you want, I thought you were preaching for souls!" "So I am," replied the preacher, "but I can't eat souls, and if I could it would take at least a thousand such as yours to make a meal."

—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of the Pennsylvania railroad held in Philadelphia yesterday afternoon it was agreed to establish a trust saving fund for the benefit of employes. Amounts of five dollars and upward may be deposited under the new plan, and will draw four per cent. interest per annum. All station agents will be authorized to receive deposits and receipt for them. These deposits will be forwarded to an authorized depository of the company.

—There was some disappointment in Louisville, Kentucky, the other day, all because a young man lost the address of his lady love. He came from Springfield, Ky., but, having lost the aforementioned address, he could not find the lady's home, where he was to be married. Meanwhile, she became sick from disappointment, as she thought he had deserted her. During two long days he searched in vain and at length found the right place. Explanations followed and they were happily wedded.

Work at the Collins' Brothers' Furnace.

Among the most extensive changes and improvements being made in this part of the county at present are those at the site of the Collins' Brothers new iron furnace on the fair ground. In addition to the work which is continuing on the furnace proper, a reservoir has recently been erected which receives its supply of water from Spring creek, a pumping station having been erected for that purpose. It is almost of equal capacity with the reservoir which supplies Bellefonte.

They are also sinking an artesian well and have reached a considerable depth. The work of erecting houses for the employes to occupy continues and some of them are now about completed.

HALL'S

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure now on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucous surface of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circular and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists, 75 cts.

CATARRH CURE.

—An item is going the rounds of the country press, which states that the Supreme Court at its last sitting at Pittsburg, declared the Tax Collector law unconstitutional, but this is a mistake. In the case of Evans vs. Pilipi, taken up from Lancaster county some time ago, the Court decided that the Act of June 25, 1885—the general tax collector law—was and is, constitutional, and in the case of Bitting vs. the Commonwealth, taken up from Montgomery County, the Court at its last sitting in Pittsburg, affirmed the decision of the county court in favor of the regularly elected tax collector, and against a special collector appointed by the school board under a special law, as the general law of '85 repeals all special laws regarding the collection of taxes.

Consumption Cured.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all Throat and Lung Affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after testing its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, has felt it his duty to make it known to his suffering fellows. Actuated by this motive and a desire to relieve human sufferings, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full direction for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. NOYES, 149 *Power's Block, Rochester, N. Y.* 1911yeow

—In families where there have been cases of any contagious diseases the bed clothes should be washed and thoroughly fumigated. In illustration of this we cite the following from the Bedford *Gazette*: "Last winter diphtheria attacked a family in Monroe township. The heavier covers on the patients' beds were not washed or fumigated after the disappearance of the disease. In the spring these covers were packed away and a few weeks ago they were taken out and put on the beds. There are now three cases of diphtheria in that family and no other cases in the neighborhood. And yet people say that diphtheria is not contagious."

—On Friday afternoon, about 4.45 o'clock, a most beautiful spectacle was seen from Half Moon hill. Looking eastward toward the other end of town the windows of several buildings in the highest parts of that section were lighted up with what seemed to be sheets of flame, caused by the rays of the setting sun. Arthur Brown's house made a pretty picture, but the school house was grand absolutely beyond the power of language to express. It was difficult to believe that the interior was not filled with fire.

—The Centre Hall *Times* relates how the "Bucktail hunters from Boalsburg" recently returned with five deer, and also captured two large bears, "which by no means should escape notice." If the *Times* means that the bears should not escape notice, we reply that the bears probably do not care how much notice they escape; but if, while alive, they had escaped the notice of the Nimrods, they would doubtless have been very thankful.

—The Central Pennsylvania Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, which met here this year, will meet in Williamsport next year on the 21st of March. Bishop Stephen M. Merrill, of Chicago, will preside.

—Rev. Dr. Francis L. Patton will be the successor of Dr. McCosh as President of Princeton College.

Bellefonte Republican,

EDWARD T. TUTEN, - - Editor

Terms, $2.00 per annum in Advance

Local Department.

—Court next week.

—As cold as winter.

—Tramps are numerous.

—School only three days of this week.

—Are there any poor people in Bellefonte who need help?

—The revival services in the Methodist church still continue.

—A new hose truck is to be purchased for the Logan Hose Company.

—Two large congregations thronged the Methodist church on Sunday.

—The work on the new buildings at State College is progressing very rapidly.

—Taffy parties will be just as fashionable the coming winter as they were last.

—Anyone who is interested in sewing should read the notice in another column.

—Next year there are to be five eclipes—three of the sun and two of the moon.

—The plants and flowers in many windows present a beautiful appearance.

—A fence is being built along the east side of the Bishop street school property.

—The church year begins next Sunday, that day being the first Sunday in Advent.

—An aerolite, weighing three tons, fell in the principal street of Amsterdan, N. Y., on Friday.

—Mr. Daniel McGinley is laying a new boardwalk in front of his residence on East Lamb street.

—Miss Belle Cross, said to be the handsomest woman in Maryland, died in Baltimore a few days ago.

—Gregg Post, G. A. R., met on Monday night and nominated officers, who will be voted for at a future meeting.

—The curb market continues to yield a slight revenue to the borough. The receipts, in two weeks past, were $3.

—The next meeting of the State Board of Agriculture will be held at Lewisburg on Wednesday and Thursday, December 7 and 8.

—The young men of Bellefonte are making arrangements for a few very elegant social entertainments during the winter.

—A very entertaining lecture was delivered at the State College, on Friday evening, by a gentleman named Mr. Peters.

—Two fights, we are told, varied the monotony of Monday night, one occurring in the Rink and the other in the vicinity of the Diamond.

—Mr. Howard Lingle, on Monday evening, asked council for the grade of Linn street in front of his new residence, where he intends to lay a pavement.

—Cocoanut candy seems to have gone out of date. Very little of it is seen now at the confectioner's. Why is this thus? Cocoanut confectionery is very toothsome.

—Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., has been delivering a great many sermons, recently, to young people. He expects to preach to the older people next Sunday morning.

—There are several trees on Bishop street which stand directly in the centre of the pavements and have been declared a nuisance. It is probable that they will be removed.

—The water is to be put in Gerberich, Hale & Co's flouring mill. The connection will be extended into all the departments of the mill, adding to its security against fire.

—James H. Wallick's car, containing "The Cattle King" company baggage and other stage paraphernalia, was attached to the mail train from the West this a. m. It came from Altoona.

—The sermon delivered by Rev. W. H. H. Snyder in the Reformed church, on Sunday evening, is very highly spoken of. The subject was, "Be a Man." It was listened to by a large congregation.

—Miles & Son, the merchants at Milesburg, are always making improvements. The most recent is the fitting up of a cozy little office in the rear of their store room, where persons having special business with the proprietors can be entertained.

—Miss Minnie Stover, daughter of Mr. Uriah Stover, who lives on Valentine's farm near the springs, died on Saturday last at 4 o'clock of typhoid fever. The deceased was about 16 years of age. The funeral occurred Monday morning at nine o'clock.

—Street Commissioner Shaughensy has been at work on Logan street, which he says has been cleaned until it looks as bright as a diamond. We suppose Mr. Commissioner has reference to the Diamond Square, which usually presents quite a slick appearance.

—On Monday evening of next week Rev. D. S. Monroe, D. D., will preach a sermon in his church, the Methodist, to men only. No females of any age and no boy under fifteen years of age will be admitted. Thus, it will be for men only, all of whom are invited.

Football at the College.

The Bucknell University came up to the State College on Friday to play a return game of foot ball on Saturday morning with the State College eleven, and were defeated by a score of 24 to 0. The game began at 10 o'clock and the toss was won by Bucknell, who chose the south goal, thereby gaining an important advantage over the State College eleven who had to play up-hill with the wind against them. In abont ten minutes after the game began, after a good deal of running and returning,—the ball all the time being in Bucknell's field—a touch down was made by a good play of S. P. Jackson, but from which they failed kicking a goal. The ball then moved up and down the field, no more points being scored during the first half, the score standing at the end of the first half 4 to 0 in favor of the State College. In the beginning of the second half State College had the south goal and they then began to score. After a few moments of moving around the field Linze made a touchdown for State College, which failed goal. Soon Bucknell had to make a safety touchdown, adding two more to State College score.

After this two touch-downs were made by Linze, goals being kicked by Mitchell. This was very near the close of the game and the State College rushed the ball down the field again, forcing Bucknell to make another safety touchdown, and a few minutes thereafter time was called, the score being—two touchdowns failing goals (8), two safety touchdowns (4), and two goals from touchdowns (12), total 24.

The fine tackling of Barclay, of State College, and Hanson, of Bucknell, and the running of Jackson and Linze, of College, and Shipley, of Bucknell, were the features of the game. The Bucknell boys departed at 2 o'clock, being delighted with their treatment by the State College boys, and owning up to having been fairly beaten. The referee was Mr. Cleaver, of State College, and the umpire Mr. Brecker, of Lewisburg.

The State College eleven expect to depart to-morrow for Carlisle to play a game with Dickinson College, of that place, on Wednesday.

The G. A. R. Nominations.

The names of the gentlemen who were nominated for office, for the ensuing year in Gregg Post, G. A. R., Monday evening, are given in the following list:

For Commander—Comrades S H Williams and Samuel Gault.

S V C—Comrades William Gehret and James H Rankin.

J V C—Comrades William Taylor and Robert Laird.

O D—Robert Laird, David Bartley and Charles Eckenroth.

Surgeon—Charles Eckenroth and John Walters.

Q M—William Jones.

Chaplain—R C Irvin.

O G—Samuel Shirk.

Trustees—Charles Eckenroth and Christian Dale.

Ord. Of.—Alex. Draucher and A. Lucas.

Delegates to annual encampment at Allentown in January—S H Williams (O D), H H Benner, Chas. Eckenroth, T R Benner, Wm. Jones (Qm) and R C Irvin (Chap.)

The election will occur on Monday evening, the 5th of December.

She Trained the Bird.

A Bellefonte lady has successfully trained her canary bird, but it required great patience for her to do so. She talked a great deal to the feathered songster and slowly inserted one finger between the wires of the cage, holding it there a long time. After the lapse of a few minutes, when the finger showed no disposition to harm him, the bird advanced far enough to peck at it. After several trials of this kind the bird jumped on the finger and rested there. Then the lady inserted her finger in other parts of the cage until the bird had become accustomed to its appearance anywhere. Finally, the lady opened the cage door and keeping her hand over the exposed place, held out her finger which the bird perched upon as usual. Her next attempt was to hold up her finger just outside the open door through which the bird came and flew to the upraised finger. Now, whenever the lady opens the cage door and holds up her finger the bird occupies it as a perch and seems quite proud of the privilege.

Church of Christ.

A fair sized audience listened to Elder Sherman in the Lutheran church Tuesday night.

This religious body has had an organized existence for 70 years, and its growth has been marvelous. They number eight hundred thousand in the United States, and have among them some of the most intelligent men and women. The lamented Garfield and Judge J. S. Black were devoted members of this body of people.

Some of our best families in Bellefonte are members. The position occupied by this people, on the Divinity of Christ, was shown Tuesday night. Every one hearing Mr. Sherman will understand what he is talking about. Meeting at 7:30. Question box at the door, and all proper questions publicly answered from the pulpit.

—The Bohemian Oats swindle was perpetrated on the farmers near Reading about as freely as it was in Centre county. On Saturday Alderman Dehart, of Reading, heard testimony in the cases brought by farmers who were swindled in this manner and were then compelled to pay the full amount of notes which they had given. The aldermen reserved his decision until Monday. Upon his decision rests one hundred cases, involving thousands of dollars.

Death of a Prominent Editor.

Mr. Frank M. Higgins, managing editor and one of the proprietors of the Pittsburg *Commercial Gazette*, died at his residence in Pittsburg at 10 o'clock on Saturday. He was a native of Huntingdon, and the *Local News*, of that place, says of him:

He had only been sick since Sunday. For months prior to that time he had been in unusually good health. On Saturday he had enjoyed a day of quiet rest at home and retired much earlier than usual without a sign of approaching trouble. At 3 a. m. Sunday morning he awoke with such intense pain in his chest, back and limbs that a physician was summoned at once. The cold he had contracted unconsciously, took the farm of pleurisy, and by Monday had developed into typhoid pneumonia. This very soon brought on mental derangement, and congestion of the brain resulted. He began to sink, and death resulted at the hour stated.

After obtaining a common school education Mr. Higgins went to the University at Lewisburg, and took a course preparatory to entering the Baptist ministry. Upon leaving school he changed his mind and entered the literary field, engaging as a reporter for the Pittsburg *Post*, and shortly afterwards became connected with the *Commercial Gazette* as managing editor and one of the proprietors. He was a ready writer, and one of the most alert and successful reporters upon the papers with which he was connected. His many social qualities endeared him to a host of friends in this place, who will hear of his death with profound sorrow. Mr. Higgins was aged about 38 years, and leaves a wife and child.

—The policemen need new uniforms and the borough authorities should purchase them at once. Perhaps the policemen receive enough pay (anyway, it is not our intention to complain on that score), but their uniforms are liable to be a very considerable item of expense to them, and one which they cannot always calculate on exactly. For instance, a good uniform might last a year and then again it might be used up in a week, according to the kind of usage to which it is subjected. Sometimes, you know, people do not submit to arrest without a struggle, and when the officer is through with such exercise and has placed his man in the cooler, he finds that his handsome uniform has been damaged. Naturally, we want the officers of the law to appear bright and handsome, so far as the uniforms are concerned, and they want to look so, too. We notice that the uniforms worn at present are ragged and rusty. It is time to renew them and encourage the officers in doing good service. They should have good overcoats for winter wear. They must be on the street a large part of the time and experience all the changes of weather; and nothing will keep out extreme cold better than a heavy overcoat.

The Poultry.

Turkeys, chickens, geese and ducks are in demand, as they always are at this time of year. The supply seems to be abundant. There is something about that noble American bird, the turkey, which seems to suit this season perfectly, and as many are eaten on Thanksgiving day as at any other time.

Naturally, the bird is represented as dreading the time when he must yield up his life for man's enjoyment. We doubt that, though. We really believe that the bird is proud of the fact of his connection with all such festivities. He should flap his wings and congratulate himself that he is devoted to such a good purpose.

In the U. B. Church.

Rev. D. Sheerer, of Johnstown, Pa., will conduct communion services in the United Brethren church, next Sabbath, November 27, at 10.30 a. m. and 7 p. m. He will also preach on Saturday night, November 26, at 7 o'clock, in the same church. All are invited.

A Thanksgiving service will be conducted in the United Brethren church this evening, November 24, commencing at 7 o'clock. A thank offering will be taken, at the close of the service, for missions. All are earnestly invited.

GEO. WODEN, Pastor.

—On Bishop street Howard Spangler's new residence has been painted and is being plastered. Another house on the opposite side of the same street, being built by a man named Miller, is advancing toward completion quite rapidly. The foundation is finished for the residence to be erected by the Messrs. A. J. and E. J. Brown. The four or five houses next to Howard Spangler's, beyond the school house, are all new, while nearly all of the residences on the other side of the street are comparatively new. These make quite a large cluster of new houses, some of which are neat and handsome.

—A panther appeared in the village of Montgomery, Lycoming county, a few days ago, creating much excitement.

On His Way to San Francisco.

"Monte" Ward, of this place, is now on his way to San Francisco. He stopped in Chicago on Monday, accompanied by his newly-wedded wife, *nee* Miss Helen Dauvray, and her sister. A dispatch from Chicago narrates his experience while in that city as follows:

Mr. Ward expressed himself as highly pleased with the success attained by the Brotherhood. He thought it would not only be a good thing for the players, but would also be very beneficial to the clubs and managers.

"The League managers," said he, "found we did not want anything unreasonable, while we discovered that we were asking too much in several instances. The result was an agreement with which we are eminently satisfied." President Spalding also expressed himself highly pleased with the outlook. "I think the Brotherhood is an excellent thing now," he declared. "If they will only adhere to what they lay down in their platform I am sure it will be a good thing for base ball all around. I guess I'll join myself."

Ward did not like the return to three strikes, but President Spalding approved it emphatically, because under the four-strike rule some clubs had ordered their weak batters not to hit at the two first good balls, taking chances of reaching first on called balls.

Picked Up at Milesburg.

Prof. Leathers, the principal of the schools of this place, is showing a very enterprising spirit and under his principalship the schools are being rapidly improved and the rooms being beautified.

Miss Maggie Thomas is very sick with pneumonia.

A prayer meeting for women and young ladies was held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday, the 13th inst.

Miss Emma Gray is recovering from her late sickness.

Potatoes are very scarce in this vicinity.

A reward of five dollars is offered to the person who will give information that will lead to the apprehension and arrest of the party or parties who broke the street lamp near the iron bridge on the night of the 31st of October.

The painters are now at work on the McMeen property.

Rev. Bordens, of Eagleville, preached in the Baptist church last Sunday morning and evening.

Mr. Hardman Carter, of the Tyrone division carpenter gang, was severely hurt on the head Tuesday last while trying with two other men of the gang to lift a truck onto the track by means of a lever. The lever slipped from its place and crashed down on his head.

Neighborhood News.

Three-fourths of the water wells in Clarion borough are dry. So are three-fourths of its bibulous citizens.

John Keiser, of Allentown, went to bed on Friday night and was found asleep in front of his door about 2 o'clock Saturday morning. He says that while he slept "thieves stole him from his bed and left him on the pavement."

Messrs. Bailey, Dalzell and Reed, of Pittsburg, who compose part of the Pittsburg syndicate that purchased the Bedford Spring property, met at Bedford last Saturday and determined to increase the capital stock to $300,000. A meeting will be held again in a short time to take steps toward getting things ready for next year.

Bedford has a musical club, a reading club, a Shakespeare club, a social club and two whist clubs, the purposes of which are to improve the voices, the minds, the manners and the talents of the members and to afford amusement during the winter.

The Most Beautiful Woman.

Ladies read this. The most beautiful woman in San Francisco at thirty looks like a girl of eighteen. All her natural charms have been enhanced by a sensible life and diet, as a result of which she has not been ill since her childhood. She indulges in a sponge bath every morning, is particular about the ventilation of her rooms, takes a brisk four-mile walk every day after lunch, and comes back to dinner flushed with health and hungry. One of her fads is to drink coffee without cream, not for desert, but with the main course in her dinner, which is usually a very substantial repast. She is, of course, regular in her habits, and is happily married and the mother of two children.

—Daniel Waite, of McConnellstown, Huntingdon county, an employe of the Huntingdon & Broad Top railroad, was fatally injured Saturday evening at the long siding cut about a mile from Huntingdon. Waite was preparing to go home after the day's work, and instead of walking around a car which stood on the track, crawled under it. While doing so an engine backed up to pull the car away, and Waite had his right leg and arm cut off just as he was emerging from the track. He cannot survive, is 40 years old, and leaves wife and three children in destitute circumstances.

—John Horner, a veteran hunter of Centre county, killed three deer in the Seven Mountains last week, and William Jack shot two. A party of three hunters from Boalsburg killed five fine deer and two immense bears in three days' hunting. Four hunters from Columbia county bagged three large bucks and a doe in a two days' hunt.

Personal Pencilings.

Dr. H. K. Hoy spins through the country in a Fairy Gig.

Ellis L. Orvis, Esq., and wife were in Lock Haven on Wednesday.

Mr. Bates Bell conducted the Y. M. C. A. meeting on Thursday evening.

Mrs. George Jackson and Miss Jackson have been spending the past two weeks in Philadelphia.

Mr. W. B. Miller, of the firm of Spiece, Miller & Co., Philadelphia, is making a business visit to this place.

M. W. Geary, bookkeeper for the Lehigh Coal Company, at Snow Shoe, is ill at his home in Lock Haven.

Rev. John Hewitt has recently been in Massachusetts and when last heard from was just going to Baltimore, where important business awaits him.

George Harpster, son of Jacob Harpster, of Centre Hall, moved from Port Allegheny, McKean county, to Milesburg, where he will do blacksmithing.

Miss Catherine S. Monaghan, of West Chester, Pa., and Miss Bessie Eliot, of Unionville, this county, are guests of Miss Kate, daughter of ex-Governor Curtin.

Mr. Edwin F. Garman, we regret to learn, is quite ill. Ed. is so full of energy and vim and makes himself so useful, that he is much missed when unable to be on duty.

Sheriff-elect Robert Cooke, Jr., was a caller on Friday. In the near future he will move to Bellefonte to take up his residence in the county mansion, East High street.

Mr. William P. Humes, of the First National Bank, this place, visited Lock Haven on Monday and while there paid his respects to Hon. Joseph Furey, the bright and witty editor of the *Daily Democrat*.

Mr. John F. Harter, the recently elected recorder of this county, called at this office on Thursday. Mr. H. is quite a handsome and very intelligent young gentleman and will fill the office with splendid ability.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hill, of Philadelphia, arrived on Monday evening. Mrs. H. will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Richard, in this place, and Mr. Hill departed Tuesday evening on a business trip to the West.

Senator Quay, when in Washington this winter, will occupy the residence formerly occupied by Governor Curtin. His daughter, Miss Mary A. Quay, will make her *debut* in Washington society and expects to be a belle.

Mr. Isaac Smith, of Farmers Mills, spent a few hours in Bellefonte on Tuesday. He expressed his pleasure at the result of the recent local election and said that the Republican vote at his election precinct had been exactly double over former years.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva S. Grow, of Philadelphia, received a Thanksgiving present of which they are quite proud. The present is a boy baby, who arrived last Friday, just six days before Thanksgiving. We belive that this is number one in the accessions to the Grow family.

Mr. James Milliken expects to depart this (Thursday) for Deadwood, Colorado. While it is a very interesting place to visit under all circumstances the unusual altitude of that somewhat famous locality does not render it at all agreeable at this time of year. However, he has visited it on former occasions, and understands all about the climate. He promises to send a blizzard east when he is in that part of the country.

—Few people know anything about where slate pencils come from, and school children seem to think they are a growth indigenous to all school-ooms. The first slate pencil factory ever established in America is still in Vermont, and the next in Virginia. These are the only two in America. The Virginia factory is in Albemarle county, and gives employment to a large number of people who would otherwise find it hard work to make a living in the huckleberry barrens which surround the quarry and factory. About 50,000 pencils a day are turned out by this factory.

—The Mt. Bethel Reformed church in Nittany Valley was rededicated on Sunday with deeply impressive services. Rev. Shoemaker, the pastor, was assisted by Rev. W. H. H. Snyder, of this place, who preached the dedicatory sermon. Revs. J. Yearick, of Aaronsburg, and G. E. Faber, of Salona, also assisted. The cost of remodeling the church was $1,800, and the balance to be raised to meet all indebtedness was $615.

—Of all the big turkeys that will grace the tables of Bellefonte on Thanksgiving day that to be prepared for Mr. John Ardell, Jr., and family is perhaps the largest. It was raised by Mr. Reuben Comly, of Union township, this county. This gigantic bird now weighs 47 pounds and will not decrease in weight any between now and Thanksgiving. We predict, however, that after Mr. Ardell attacks it its weight will decrease rapidly.

—Nearly all the railroads in this country have agreed to reduce their rates of fare to and from Washington for those who wish to attend the conference of the Evangelical Alliance, which will be held early next month. To get a reduced fare ticket, one must have a certificate from a secretary of the Alliance.

A Model Southern Man.

The Nashville *American*, in a recent issues says: "Probably the proudest man in South Carolina to-day is James M. Bradham, Sr., a farmer, who, at the State Fair last week was awarded the prize for the model man of the State, over competitors from every county in the Commonwealth. The grounds on which this unique award was made are thus stated: He is now 78 years of age and has plowed every summer for sixty-eight years, having made fifty-four crops of the same plantation. He has never made a failure in a crop. He has never bought a pound of bacon or lard for his own use, but has always made bacon and lard to sell. He has always raised wool enough for his own clothing and to spare. He does not recollect ever having sworn an oath. He has never refused a call of charity, and has always given liberally for the support of the Gospel and charitable objects. He has been steward of a Methodist church for fifty years and has missed but two Stewards' meetings in that period. He took his last drink of whiskey in 1837, and thinks it was his first also as he does not remember ever having taken a drink before. He regrets nothing in his past life and has no fears for the future."

More Changes in the R. R. Schedule.

On Tuesday, after we had called the attention of the *Centre Democrat* to the fact that the railroad schedule published in that paper is not correct, our own attention was called to the fact that changes went into effect on the Nittany & Lemont railroad on Monday which we had up to that time failed to secure. The changes are as follows:

The passenger train which formerly arrived at 9.25 a. m. now arrives at 9.20. The train which has heretofore departed at 2 o'clock in the afternoon does not depart until 2.30 o'clock. The afternoon train on that road arrives ten minutes earlier than formerly. Hereafter it will be due at 4.45 o'clock.

—A chestnut tree on Jesse Crist's farm near Somerset, presents a phenomenon in vegetable growth. It is evident that at the start the tree was intended to be two trees, for there are two separate trunks, three feet apart, ten feet high, and two in diameter. At the height of ten feet, however, the two trunks join, each one having at some stage of its existence curved suddenly toward the other, until the union was formed. From that point the trunk is single, and grows to the height of thirty-five feet before a limb appears. Another curious thing about the tree is that the nuts it bears have double meats without an exception.

—The Altoona *Times* appeared on Monday in a new suit. It did not reach us until Tuesday, however, and we laid it carefully away to examine its apparel at leisure. We didn't suppose its former appearance could be improved, but we are willing to admit that it is even better looking than before. The type is large and handsome, and the entire appearance of the paper is as beautiful as could be imagined. The *Times* has always been able edited and now seems to have reached a pinacle of perfection which leaves nothing more to be desired.

—Miss Edith Mowry, a bright and amiable young lady, who had been teaching school in Millford township, Somerset county, dismissed her scholars a few days ago, telling them to go home and tell their parents to prepare for the end of the world, which was about to take place. Miss Mowry had become mentally unsettled from excessive study. Having no relatives who could properly care for her, she was placed under treatment in Dixmont, where it is hoped she will speedily recover.

—We are requested by a reader to call the attention of the *Centre Democrat* to the fact that its railroad schedule is not correct. The aforesaid reader was put to considerable inconvenience the other day because he depended on the schedul as printed in that paper.

—"Woman's Work" is the title of a publication which has found its way fram Athens, Ga., to our table. It is monthly and only 50 cents per year. A lady edits it and promises that its contents shall be entertaining and pure. We like it very much.

—One of the considerations that does not add to the attractiveness of Los Angeles, Cal., as a place of residence, is the fact that coal is selling there for $16 a ton and most of the supply is brought from Australia.

—A Woman's Relief Corps has been organized in connection with Gregg Post, G. A. R. The ladies met on Saturday evening and elected officers. Seventeen names are attached to the application for a charter.

—This county has another new post office. It is named Clarence and has A. King for postmaster. The official's name is A. P. King.

MARRIED.

BREON—ALBRIGHT.—At the M. E parsonag Pleasant Gap, November 20, 1887, by the Rev. G P Sarvis, Samuel Breon to Miss Ada Albright, al of Centre county.

DIED.

STOVER.—In Spring township, November 19, 1887, Mina Blanche Stover, aged 15 years, 4 months and 9 days.

Her sun went down while it was yet day.

G. P. S.